

Domestic Violence Against Women
(A Study of Kirtipur Municipality-5, Panga)

A Thesis

Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the
Requirement for the Degree of Master of Arts in
Rural Development

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2020

RECOMMENDATION LETTER

The thesis entitled **Domestic Violence Against Women (A Study of Kirtipur Municipality-5, Panga)** has been prepared by **Tej Kala Subba** under my guidance and supervision. I hereby forward this thesis to the evaluation committee for final evaluation and approval.

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Date: 22-09-2076

(07, January, 2020)

APPROVAL LETTER

The thesis entitled **Domestic Violence Against Women (A Study of Kirtipur Municipality-5, Panga)** submitted by **Tej Kala Subba** in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Master's Degree (M.A.) in Rural Development has been evaluated and approved by the evaluation committee.

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DECLARATION

I hereby declare that the thesis entitled **Domestic Violence Against Women (A Study of Kirtipur Municipality-5, Panga)** submitted to the Central Department of Rural Development, Tribhuvan University, is entirely my original work prepared under the guidance and supervision of my supervisor. I have made due acknowledgements to all ideas and information borrowed from different sources in the course of preparing this thesis. The results of this thesis have not been presented or submitted anywhere else for the award of any degree or for any other purposes. I assure that no part of the content of this thesis has been published in any form before.

Tej Kala Subba

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(06, January, 2020)

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to express my sincere gratitude to my encouraging and very caring thesis supervisor, Asso. Prof. Dr. Umesh Acharya lecture at Central Department of Rural Development, T.U. for his inspiring words which were enough for me to accomplish my work, and still are, will forever be.

Secondly, I would like to extend my sincere gratitude to Asso. Prof. Mr. Bishnu Bahadur Khatri Head of the Department of Rural Development, Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences, for his immense cooperation during my proposal defense.

I am equally thankful to all my teachers for providing me with academic support during the academic years. I would like to thank to Anik Maharjan for valuable contribution in the time of data collection.

My special thanks go to my spouses and my parents for their continuous support throughout my study time.

Date:

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ABSTRACT

Domestic violence against women (A Study of Kirtipur Municipality-5, Panga) is the title of the study. Main thrust of the present study is to analyze socio-economic status of respondents, to find out the different types of domestic violence and their causes, causes of domestic violence in the study area and to examine the effects of domestic violence against women.

Descriptive as well as explorative research design has followed in order to achieve the main objectives of the study. This study has based on both primary and secondary source of data. Nature of data has both quantitative and qualitative data. Out of 300 households 80 households has taken as sample size. Households has selected on the basis of Simple Random Sampling.

Married women of all ages and in case of joining family only daughters-in-law living in the slum area of the Kirtipur Municipality-5 city has included in the study population. Questionnaire and key informant interview are the main tools of data collection.

The area of domestic violence is so wide but I have chosen one squatter settlement in Panga of Kirtipur City for purpose. These study was selected purposively and availability of respondents. The researchers have taken 80 respondents for purpose. On solutions to prevent/control domestic violence against women are stops or controlling alcohol, stopping ganja providing job opportunities, to be faithful between husband and wife, to made people literate.

Domestic violence is a universal problem. It cut across all social classes, castes, ethnic groups religious groups and all nationalities. As a conceptual definition domestic violence is defined as physical sexual and psychological violence occurring in the family including wife battering, sexual abuse of female children in the household, genital mutation, other traditional practices harmful to women non squasal violence, violence related to exploitation. Types of domestic violence, are physical abuse, economic abuse and traditional violence.

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ABBREVIATION

CBOs	: Community Based Organization
DVAW	: Domestic Violence Against Women
H.Hs	: Households
INGO	: International Non-governmental Organization
NGO	: Non-Governmental Organization
SAARC	: South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation
TU	: Tribhuvan University
UN	: United Nations
UNDP	: United Nations Development Program
UNESCO	: United National Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization
UNICEF	: United Nation Children Fund
WHO	: World Health Organization