TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY CENTRAL DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY KIRTIPUR, KATHMANDU NEPAL

Analysis of Dedicated Cryptographic Hash Functions – MD5 and SHA-1

By SUDHIR GAUTAM

A dissertation submitted to the Central Department of Computer Science and Information Technology in partial fulfillment of the requirements for

the Master's Degree in Computer Science and Information Technology

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LETTER OF APPROVAL

We certify that we have read this dissertation work and in our opinion it is satisfactory in the scope and quality as a dissertation in the partial fulfillment for the requirement of Master of Science in Computer Science and Information Technology.

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Supervisor's Recommendation

I hereby recommend that the dissertation prepared under my supervision by Mr. Sudhir Gautam entitled "Analysis of Dedicated Cryptographic Hash Functions MD5 and SHA-1" be accepted as fulfilling in partial requirements for the degree of M. Sc. in Computer Science and Information Technology.

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ABSTRACT

Cryptography is the art and science of information security and Cryptographic hash functions are one of the most important tools used in modern cryptography. A hash function is a transformation function that maps strings of arbitrary length to strings of fixed length. For the last two decades, many types of hash functions have been defined but, the most widely used in many of the cryptographic applications currently are hash functions based on block ciphers and the dedicated hash functions. This dissertation shows how dedicated hash functions are constructed and what are their design principles and where they can be used. This dissertation also looks into a comparison between two dedicated hash algorithms. It has been observed that the MD5 algorithm is **slightly cheaper** to compute than SHA-1.

ABBREVIATION

CRHF Collision Resistant Hash Function

OWHF One Way Hash Function

MAC Message Authentication CodeMDC Manipulation Detection Code

SKC Secrete Key Cryptography

PKC Public Key Cryptography