Status of Dalit Women in Local Politics: A Case Study of Tilottama Municipality, Rupandehi District

A Thesis Submitted to

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LETTER OF RECOMMENDATION

This is to certify that Mrs. Laxmi Sunar has completed his thesis entitled, Status of

Dalit Women in Local Politics: A Case study of Tilottama Municipality, Rupandehi District As partial fulfillment of the requirement of the Master Degree of Arts in Sociology under my guidance and supervision. I, therefore, recommend this thesis for final approval and acceptance.

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LETTER OF APPROVAL

This thesis "**Status of Dalit Women in Local Politics: A Case study of Tilottama Municipality, Rupandehi District**" submitted by LuxmiSunar has been evaluated and accepted by the following evaluation committee as requirement of partial fulfillment of Master in Arts in Sociology. This research committee hereby certifies that this dissertation is found satisfactory

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This thesis "Status of Dalit Women in Local Politics: A Case study of Tilottama Municipality, Rupandehi District". Is written for the purpose of fulfillment of the partial requirement in Masters in Arts in Sociology from Central Department of Sociology. This thesis based on elected Dalit ward members in Tilottama Municipality.

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ABSTRACT

This writing discusses on "Status of Dalit women in Local Politics: A case study of Tilottama municipality". This study is a part of Tillotama Municipality, Rupandehi District. In Nepal, 2017 was a historical achievement for Dalit women, because the Local Level Election Act 2017 opened the door to participation at the local level through election as a ward member. This Act stipulated that at least one of the four members of each ward committee should be a woman from the Dalit community. So, local elections have finally provided an opportunity for Dalit women to become leaders in their own society and community. Dalit women have a big opportunity for political participation and election. In the Nepali context, Dalit women are historically marginalized and are facing discrimination in name of caste, gender, and religion for centuries. They lack good opportunities like education, health, property rights, gender equality, and political participation. Both primary and secondary information have used in the analysis. The primary data have collected interviews with respondents. Interview and observation and secondary data are prior researches, personal records, and official documents. The analysis data are interpreted within the Intersectionality perspective.

Dalit the community are historical victimized and disadvantaged groups of Nepal. Dalit has many problems facing in the state through several kinds of ways. Their socio-political, educational, economic status is very desperate as compared to other caste groups. In the past time, our laws and rules based on Hindu scriptures have played an important role in making Dalit people miserable and out from politics to ethnicity on an ethnic basis.

Keyword: Dalit, Women, Local Government, Elected Representative, Municipality, Ward, Ward member, Election, etc

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