

**FACILITIES AND PRACTICES OF HEALTH SERVICES IN
GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS**

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A Thesis Submitted to Health Education Department in
Partial Fulfillment for the Requirements of Master Degree in Health
Education

**TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY
FACULTY OF EDUCATION
JANATA MULTIPLE CAMPUS
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ITAHARI, SUNSARI**

2077

DECLARATION

I hereby declare that this thesis has not been submitted by former for candidature for any other degree.

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ABSTRACT

The present study entitled Practices and Facilities of School Health Services in Sundarharaincha Municipality Government School has been conducted to point out the Appraisal, Preventive and Remedial aspects of School Health Services practices and facilities in government school.

Sundarharaincha Municipality was selected for the study purpose. The purposive and convenience sampling method were used to sample the respondent to collect essential data. Collected data were described by descriptive, qualitative and quantitative research design.

According to the study, only 7% school have good playground, 81% schools don't have appropriate ventilation and window, only 7% schools have good condition of toilets and 76% have soap in toilet, 65% have appropriate furniture, 60.5% schools use tap as sources of water but none of them purify water before drinking. About 51% schools have enough dustbin and only 51% schools sanitation is good, 81.5% schools use burning method to manage waste.

About 35% schools do health observation, 14% do screening test and only 7% do health examination. Only 2% school have school clinic facilities, 7% have separate treatment room, 2% have health specialist, 14% schools conduct health campaign and only 21% have essential drugs. All schools provide knowledge about disease and safety measures but only 46.5% have used safety measures at school, only 28% follow up infected students, 84% have first aid facilities. All schools provide health guidance and counselling facilities and refer to hospital in an emergency, only 37% schools have exceptional child but only 6.25% have separate room for exceptional child.

The above fact shows that most of the school existing condition, appraisal aspects, preventive aspects and remedial aspects is poor. Due to this the students are facing different problem in health as well as in teaching learning activities. Hence it is very necessary to focus on school health services for betterment and all round development of students and future of country. Hence to overcome this situation government, local government as well as school administration should work on S.H.S and provide

knowledge on it through different seminar, workshop and training to teachers and implement School Health Program effectively.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The thesis entitled Practices and Facilities of School Health Services in Sundarharaincha Municipality Government School has been undertaken for the Master Degree of Health Education.

First of all I would like to express my supervisor Mr. Manoj .Kr Chaudhary, Lecture of Health Education Department for his guidance, suggestion, encouragement, support and cooperation throughout this study.

I would like to express my special thanks to Sundarharaincha municipaliy for giving me required information related to my research. Similarly I would like to express my sincere thanks and gratitude to all the headmaster of Sundarharaincha municipality government school for providing me their valuable time, data and information as respondents.

Bijay Gautam

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ABBREVIATIONS

CCD	: Central for Cooperation and Development
HS	: Health Services.
INGO	: International Non- Governmental Organization
JICA	: Japan International Cooperation Agency
NGO	: Non- Governmental Organization
NHEICC	: National Health, Education, Information and Community Center
SHP	: School Health Program
SHS	: School Health Services.
WHO	: World Health Organization
BS	: Basic School
SS	: Secondary School
HSS	: Higher secondary school
SH	: Sundarharaincha