IMPACT OF CONFLICT ON CHILDREN IN NEPAL

A Case Study of Shaktikhor VDC, Chitwan

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ABSTRACT

This research study on the impact of conflict on children in Shaktikhor VDC of Chitwan district explores causes of armed conflict and its consequences on the local people. The study has been primarily targeted for the study of children living in the turmoil of conflict. The specific objectives of the study are following: (i) to analyze the causes conflict into Shaktikhor VDC, (ii) to assess consequences of conflict in the study area and (iii) to find out the impact of conflict on children.

Data have been collected through primary and secondary sources. The primary data have been collected through field visit and secondary data have been collected from official sources and publication. The research design to this study has both descriptive and analytic. Data have been collected through questionnaire, key informants, focus group discussion and interview. The collected data have been analyzed through tabulation, percentage and pie-chart. The limitation of this study has focused in specific areas that are Shaktikhor VDC with limited time framework.

It has been found in Chitwan district that children have been suffered more or less in area due to conflict. There have been prevailing different problems as social, educational and conflict. Due to conflict, they are psychological disturbed?

Different types of threats, social isolation, sleep disturbance, shouting after seeing the crowd are the psychological factors, which have been faced. They have not got the rights of health educational and survival right properly. There have been hampered due to conflict. They have not been escaped from physical torture also. Their families have been compelled to donate subscription to Maoist in the name of 'People's war'. Children have faced different types of risks as separate from parents, orphaned, abducted, sign of trauma, physical exploitation, forced to laborer and out of school. They have been afraid to speak out about the armed conflict and compelled to tolerate it silently.

Finally, most of the children have suggested to safe land the conflict. After the ceasefire and solved through negotiation, still they are suppressed. From this we can say that they were observed the conflict with near. Because we all civilian human right activist, politicians, socialists, have viewed on the favor of ceasefire, negotiation are peace talk, without negotiation, peace talk, there is no safe land of armed conflict.

This research study has presented findings with a set of recommendations, in addition, suggested issues for further research.

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List of Abbreviations

CBS : Central Bureau of Statistics

CPN : Communist Party of Nepal (Maoist)

CRC : Convention on the Rights of the Child

CWIN : Child Workers in Nepal Concerned Center

CZOP : Children as Zone of Peace

et. al. : And other

GO : Government Organization

HRC : Human Right Commission

ICRC : International Committee of Red Cross

IHRCON: Institute of Human Rights Communications Nepal

ILO : International Labor Organization

INGO : International Non-Governmental Organization

INPED : Institute of Peace and Developmetn

INSEC : Informal Sector Service Sector

NGO : Non-Governmental Organization

T.U. : Tribhuvan University

UN : United Nations

UNDP : Unite Nation Development Program

UNICEF : United Nations Children's Emergency Fund

VDC : Village Development Committee

WHO : World Health Organization

RNA : Rapid Rural Appraisal

Operational Definitions of Key Terms used in the Study

A few words bearing a particular meaning in the context of the topic are used in this study. The words and their particular meaning are as follow:

- Authority: The recognized right of an individual to command another act in a particular way.
- Cause: Cause is that which produces an effect; thing, event, person, etc. that makes something happen. It is the factor forcing people to be internally effect from the armed conflict.
- **Children:** A young human being below the age of puberty.
- **Conflict:** A state of opposition or hostilities.
- Consequence: Consequence is as result or an effect of something else e.g. conflict internal displacement. It is a result or an effect of internal displacement to the IDPS.
- > **Impact:** The action of one body coming forcibly into contact with another.
- Internally Displaced Persons (IDPS): People who are forced to leave their villages due to direct threat to their lives from the Maoists or from the government security forces; due to the fear and terror of armed conflict in the place and the people who have lost confidence in the possibilities of survival and left their place of origin.
- **People's war':** A political armed struggle CPN (Maoist) has adopted to over throw the current regime and establish a republic can state.
- ➤ Place of Origin: The place from where people have been affected by armed conflict.