# CONTRIBUTION OF REMITTANCE IN RURAL POVERTY REDUCTION A CASE STUDY OF BHINGRI VDC, PYUTHAN DISTRICT

A Thesis Submitted to
Central Department of Rural Development
Tribhuvan University,
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The Degree of Master of Arts
In
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Submitted By
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March, 2017

**Declaration** 

I hereby declare that the thesis entitled CONTRIBUTION OF REMITTANCE IN RURAL

POVERTY REDUCTION: A CASE STUDY OF BHINGRI VDC, PYUTHAN DISTRICT

submitted to the Central Department of Rural Development Tribhuvan University, is entirely my

original work prepared under the guidance and supervisor. I have made due acknowledgements

to all ideas and information borrowed from different sources in the course of preparing this

thesis. The results of this thesis have not been presented or submitted anywhere else for the

award of any degree or for any others purposes. I assure that no part of the content of this thesis

has been published in any from before.

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RECOMMENDATION LETTER

This thesis entitled CONTRIBUTION OF REMITTANCE IN RURAL POVERTY

REDUCTION: A CASE STUDY OF BHINGRI VDC, PYUTHAN DISTRICT has been

prepared by Ram Chandra Rokaya under my guidance and supervision. I hereby forward this

thesis to the evaluation committee for final evaluation and approval.

.....

Ratna Mani Nepal

Thesis Supervisor

Date: 26 -03-2017

2073-12-13

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#### **APPROVAL LETTER**

The thesis entitled "CONTRIBUTION OF REMITTANCE IN RURAL POVERTY REDUCTION: A CASE STUDY OF BHINGRI VDC, PYUTHAN DISTRICT" submitted by Ram Chandra Rokaya in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Master's Degree (M.A.) in Rural Development has been approved the evaluation committee.

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Ram Chandra Rokaya

March, 2017

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#### **ABSTRACT**

The present thesis entitled "Contribution of remittance in Rural Poverty Reduction: A Case study of Bhingri VDC of Pyuthan District is the partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of master of art in Rural Development. The general objective of the study is to examine the contribution of the general poverty scenario. Analyze the nature the extent of remittance income and impact of remittance income in the household in Rural Poverty Reduction.

The present study was conducted in the area of foreign remittance with special emphasis on the Role of remittance on rural economy. For the Propose of the study. The researchers analyzed the Rural Economy of those rural household whose members were living abroad and sending remittance to their families. For the present research, a sample of 63 households was selected by using the Technique of Systematic sampling methods. The tool for data collection was interviews schedule because in rural areas. Mostly people were illiterate and less educated. After data collection the analysis was done manually. For the analysis of the data, tables, frequencies and percentage were used.

The expenditure pattern of sample households indicates that remittance earning is mostly being used for non-productive areas such as in real estate and household consumption. This study revealed that there is no significant impact of remittance in the establishment of businesses and saving in bank by employee households. This trend need immediate amend by bringing appropriate policy measures to encourage remittance recipient households to use their money in productive areas.

. The finding of the study revealed the foreign remittance greatly influences the rural economy of the emigrant's families and improve their living standard and rural economy affairs. It was found that majority of the respondents 57 percent emigrants were married and most of the emigrant's families depended upon remittance. Migration rate was increased during last five years as 36 The main medium to get foreign employment was worker agency with 57.40 percent and they are exploiting because of lack of knowledge. Both government and employee should aware about it.

The source of financing for foreign employment from loan is 68.51 percent, it shows that foreign employee is extremely poor and their access in financial sector is very low. In this situation, government should implement poverty reduction programmer and increase financial access.

Percent people were migrated. Relationship of the emigrants families were changed with their relatives after emigration because of a positive change in rural economy reduction of emigrant's families. If we see social economic impact of remittance than we come to know that emigrant's families totally changed their life style after emigration and they spent remittance on purchased property and business. Results show that migration do not have on impact only on Rural economy of the emigrant's families but also greatly influences the societies decision making regarding important family matters was also found to be in the hands of the management of children education was mainly in the hands of the wives. Most of the families i.e. 85 percent changes in the economic aspect most of their income was being spent on meeting basic need, education and paying off debts etc.

Finally, this case study of remittance in Bhingri VDC, which is the important current issue of nation, is very significant, while the study is conducted in small and may not be sufficient to generalize for the whole national level about labor migration. By study, i m confidents that it will be certainly beneficial to the people of Bhangri VDC and country

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#### ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS

ADB : Asian Development Bank

BOP : Balance of Payment

CBS : Central Bureau of Statistics

CEF : Convertible Foreign Exchange

DEID : Department for International Development

FDI : Foreign Direct Investment

FY: Fiscal Year

GDP : Gross National Product
GON : Government of Nepal

HDR : Human Development Report

ILO : International Labor Organization

IMF : International Monetary Fund

KSA : Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

MOF : Ministry of Finance

NLSS : Nepal Living Standard Survey

NPC : Nepal Planning Commotion

NRB : Nepal Rasta Bank

SAARC : South Asian Association for Regional Co-operation

SLC : School-Leaving Certificate

UNDP : United Nation Development Program

UAE : United Arab Emirates

Uk : United Kingdom

USA : United State of America

Us \$ : United State Dollar

VDC : Village Development Committee

WB : World Bank

WDR : World Development Report

# Contribution of Remittance in Rural Poverty Reduction Central Department of Rural Development

### TU, Kirtipur, Nepal

## **Questionnaire**

		Da	ate: 2073/ /
1. General Inform	nation:-		
a) Name of hous	ehold head:		•••••
b) Age:	Sex:	Caste:	•••••
c) Education:	••••••	Occupation:	•••••
d) Name of villa	ge:	Word No.:	
2. What is the sou	rce of Income of you	ur family?	
a) Agriculture	b) Business	c) Government Job	c) Private job
d) Foreign emplo	yment f)	others	
3. What was the so	ource of family inco	ome before going abroad?	
4. How was the sta	atus of your income	before going to abroad?	
5. In which class d	lo you belong lookir	ng at your economic conduct	ion of family?
a) Lower	b) Medium-low	c) Medium	d) Higher

## 6. What are the sectors that you have spent the remittance income during the last 12 months?

Expenditure headings	Amount
Food	
Clothes	
Health treatment	
Education	
Festivals and entertainment	
Investment in agriculture	
Dept repayment	
To purchase land and real-estate	
Saving and investment	
Other	
Total	

#### 7. Type of own land and its area:

Types of land	Unit	Quantity	District	Per unit price
Agricultural land (Khet/Bari)				
Pakho Land				
Housing land (Ghadari)				
Covering by forest				
Other				
Total				

8. What kind of fuel is most often used by your	households for cooking?
Wood/Firewood	1
Cylinder gas	2
Bio-gas	3
Other	4
9. If the any member of your household gets ill,	, where you first go for treatment?
a) Lama/Dhami/Jhankri	b) Health post
c) Govt. hospital	d) Private clinic
e) Ayurvedic treatment	f) Other
10. What is the source of your drinking water?	
a) Piped water supply	
b) Well	
c) Covered well/hand pump	
d) Other sources	
11. What type of toilet is used by your household	ld?
a) Household flush (connected to septic tank) .	
b) Household non-flush	
c) Communal latrine	
d) No toilet	
12. Which of the following facilities are there in	your dwelling?
a) Telephone/ mobile phone	
b) Electricity	

u) Lilian/mi	ernet						
e) Refrigerat	tor						
, 2							
. Household	Struct	ures b	y Age/se	<b>X.</b>			
Sex/Age		0-14	1	15-45	4	16-60	+60
Male							
Female							
Total							
a) Self own					ner house		c) Rent Hom ot
without payr	nd of th			ople:			
without payr		e migr Sex	rated peo		Period of stay	M. earning	whether he is still their or returned back
without payn	nd of th			ople:	Period	M.	whether he is

16. What is the cause of going to abroad for employment by you on the basis of primary factor?

a) Job not found in the country	b) To pay family loan
c) Conflict problems	d) To increase the family economic status
e) Internally desire to go to aboard	f) Due to the friends and relatives
g) Any other to be mentioned	

#### 17. What is the item for pre-departure expenditure?

S.N.	Topic	Amount
1.	Passport expenditure	
2.	Medical expenditure	
3.	Visa expenditure	
4.	Airplane Ticket	
5.	Other expenditure	
	Total	

## 18. What are the items for pre-departure expenditure?

S.N.	Topic	Amount	Insert amount
1.	Form own income		
2.	Having loan from		
	a) Bank		
	b) Merchant		
	c) Relatives		
	d) Public situations		
3.	Friends, Parents		

4.	Selling various thing	
5.	Total	

#### 19. Information while in abroad:-

a) Time of stay due to agreement:
b) Actual time of day:
c) Monthly salary due to agreement:
d) Actual salary got:
e) Monthly saving:
f) What type of job did you do?
g) Daily work hour due to agreement:
h) Did you change the job while in abroad?
i) Did you get any new skills there?
j) Maximum no, of hours you worked daily?
k) Did you plan to go to abroad again?
l) Can it be helpful to you here also?
m) Were your family happy?

# 20. What are the sectors that you have inverted money earned from foreign country?

S.N.	Expenditure and Investment	Amount(Rs)
1.	In regular hours expenditure	
2.	For paying lone	
	a) To pay old lone	
	b) To pay recent lone	

3	Building home	
4	To pay loan / to buy lone to made home	
5	In education	
6	In health	
7	In business	
8	In social (worked) service	
9	Saved money	
10	To	otal
a) c)	hat sorts of problems did you re	b)
a)	Brought money along with you?	b) From Bank
c) From hundi		d) From friends
e) Relative		f) Other transfer instructions
24 <b>. Di</b>	d you get any opportunity to in	vest money in our country?
	a) yes b)	No
		e to promote foreign employment?
a)		b)

c)	d)		
26. How and which way is appropri	iate to go to abroad?		
a)	b)		
c)	d)		
27. How can the remittance income	be made more productive?		
a)	b)		
c)	d)		
28. To be specific, what about the changes seen before you went to abroad and after you returned back from abroad?			
a) In economic condition	b) In social status		
c) In daily life spending	d) In skill development		
e) Other to be mentioned	f) No changed before and now		
29. Did the remittance income chang	ge the living standard of your family?		
a) Highly increased	b) Increased		
c) Very little increased	d) Not increased at all		
30. To be specific, what about the changes seen before you went to abroad and after returned back from abroad?			
a) In economic condition	b) In daily life spending		
c) In social status	d) In skill development		
e) Other to be mentioned	f) No change before and now		

31. Why did none of your family visited foreign country:		
Mr. Ratna Mani Nepal	Ramchandra Rokaya	
Lecturer	Students	
Thesis Supervisor	Central Department of Rural	
Central Department of Rural	Development, TU, Kirtipur	
Development, TU, Kirtipur		