AN EPIDEMIOLOGICAL STUDY OF HIV/AIDS ON MIGRANTS PEOPLE IN DANG DISTRICT



KARNA BAHADUR OLI

T.U. Registration No: 5-2-49-402-2006

T.U. Examination Roll No: 13093

Batch: 2066/67

A thesis submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the award of the degree of Master of Science in Zoology with special paper Parasitology

Submitted to

Central Department of Zoology
Institute of Science and Technology
Tribhuvan University
Kirtipur, Kathmandu
Nepal
September, 2013

RECOMMENDATIONS

This is to recommend that the thesis entitled "An Epidemiological study of HIV/AIDS on migrants people in Dang district" has been carried out by Karna Bahadur Oli for the partial fulfilment of Master's Degree of Science in Zoology with special paper Parasitology. This is his original work and has been carried out under my supervision. To the best of my knowledge, this thesis work has not been submitted for any other degree in any institutions.

Date	

Dr. Mahendra Maharjan
Associate Professor
Central Department of Zoology
Tribhuvan University
Kirtipur, Kathmandu, Nepal

CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE

This thesis work submitted by Karna Bahadur Oli entitled "An Epidemiological study of HIV/AIDS on migrants people in Dang district" has been accepted as a partial fulfilment for the requirements of Master's Degree of Science in Zoology with special paper Parasitology.

EVALUATION COMMITTEE

•••••	•••••
Supervisor	Head of Department
Dr. Mahendra Maharjan	Prof. Dr. Ranjana Gupta
Associate Professor	Central Department of Zoology
Central Department of Zoology	Tribhuvan University
Tribhuvan University	Kirtipur, Kathmandu, Nepal
Kirtipur, Kathmandu, Nepal	
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
External Examiner	Internal Examiner
Date of Examination:	

DECLARATION

	Karna Bahadur Oli
Date	
specifically acknowledged by reference to the au	uthor(s) or institution(s).
been submitted elsewhere for the award of any	degree. All sources of information have been
I hereby declare that the work presented in this	thesis has been done by myself, and has not

LETTER OF APPROVAL

On the recommendation of supervisor "Dr. Mahendra Maharjan" this thesis submitted by Karna Bahadur Oli entitled "An Epidemiological study of HIV/AIDS on migrants people in Dang district" is approved for the examination and submitted to the Tribhuvan University in partial fulfilment of the requirements for Master's Degree of Science in Zoology with special paper Parasitology.

Date	

Prof. Dr. Ranjana Gupta

Head of Department

Central Department of Zoology

Tribhuvan University

Kirtipur, Kathmandu, Nepal

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

I am greatly indebted to my supervisor Dr. Mahendra Maharjan, Associate Professor of

Central Department of Zoology, Kirtipur, Kathmandu for his considerable guidance,

appropriate supervision, valuable suggestion and constant encouragement during research

work. I express my gratitude to respected teacher Professor Dr. Ranjana Gupta, HOD of CDZ

for her valuable suggestions. I am grateful to all the teachers and staff of CDZ.

Heartly thanks to Prakash Nepali (Programme Director) and all the staff of Dang Plus, Dang

for their enthusiastic support and kind cooperation throughout the field study. I am also

greatly indebted to my family members, without whom my existence is impossible.

Last but not least, heartly thanks to Mr. Youb Raj Poudel and all my colleagues for their

constant help and encouragement during the research work.

Karna Bahadur Oli

M.Sc. Zoology

Examination Roll No. 13093

Batch: 2066/67

νi

ABSTRACT

The study has attempted to find out the prevalence of HIV/AIDS among the migrants people of Dang district along with Knowledge, Attitude and Practices (KAP). The study was based on blood examination and questionnaire survey. A total of 1,102 blood samples were taken and tested For HIV by Centrifuge and Finger prick method and Rapid kits were used to confirm the result of the test that were recommended by the national HIV testing protocol followed UNAIDS and WHO HIV test surveillance Algorithm Strategy II. Data analysis was conducted using SPSS (version 16) and MS Excel. A total of 150 participants were participated in questionnaire survey. HIV prevalence was found to be 0.64%, among them 1.8% was found among the male population and 0.3% among female population. Maximum of the people were married and female were more participated than male. HIV prevalence was highest among the agriculture occupation (0.36%) and was least in business (0.09%). Migrants and spouse of migrants were infected in the equal ratio (0.27%) though spouse of migrants were high. Maximum of the participants were among the age group 18-34 and most of them had attained lower secondary level education. Maximum (97.3%) respondent knew about the family planning methods and practice of condom use among the married population was also satisfactory (53.3%). Sexual relationship and marital status among participants showed 16% of the participants had sexual relationship outside which signifies vulnerable to HIV infection. The frequently destination countries were Overseas and India. Maximum married female were suffered from STI which may lead to infection such as Syphilis and HIV/AIDS. This study suggests that a much greater effort is needed to promote safer sex and to improve HIV/AIDS, VCT knowledge and services among migrant particularly those who are engaging in risky behaviour.

CONTENTS

	Pages
Declaration	i
Recommendations	ii
Letter of Approval	iii
Certificate of Acceptance	iv
Acknowledgments	v
List of Tables	viii
List of Figures	ix
List of Photographs	X
List of Appendices	xi
List of Abbreviations	xii
Abstract	xiv
1. INTRODUCTION	
1.1 Background	1
1.2 Prevention of HIV/AIDS transmission	3
1.3 Objectives of the Study	4
1.4 Significance of the Study	4
2. LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.1 Global Scenario of HIV/AIDS	5
2.2 National Distribution	8
2.3 HIV/AIDS Scenario among migrants population in Nepal	9
3. MATERIALS AND METHODS	
3.1 Study Area	12
3.2 Materials used	14

3.3 Study Design	14
3.4 Statistical Analysis	18
4. RESULTS	
4.1 Prevalence of HIV/AIDS in Dang	19
4.2 Socio-demographic Characteristics among study participants	21
4.3 Analysis of KAP among study participants	22
5. DISCUSSION	31
6. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS	35
7. REFERENCES	37
APPENDIX	44

LIST OF TABLES

Table	Title of tables	Pages
1.	Prevalence of HIV in different Age and Sex group	19
2	Prevalence of HIV in different Marital status and Sex group	20
3.	Prevalence of HIV in different Occupation and Sex group	20
4.	Prevalence of HIV in different Risk group and Sex group	21
5.	Age and Sex wise distribution of participants	21
6.	Educational status of the respondent	22
7.	Marital status and Sex proportion of the respondent	22
8.	Marital status and Condom use among study participants	25
9.	Target group and Condom use among study participants	25
10.	Occupation and Condom use among study participants	26
11.	Educational level and Condom use among study participants	27
12.	Sexual relationship and Marital status among study participants	27

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure	Title of figures	Pages
1.	Study Area	13
2.	Knowledge about Preventing HIV/AIDS	23
3.	Misconception about transmission of HIV/AIDS	24
4.	Knowledge regarding major modes of transmission	24
5.	Migrants and Sexual relationship	28
6.	Age and Marriage of respondents	28
7.	Respondent and their spouse country	29
8.	Participation in HIV awareness programme	29

LIST OF PHOTOGRAPHS

Photograph	Title of photograph	Pages
1.	Mobile Camp	16
2.	Awareness programme in mobile Camp	16
3.	Counseling with Participants	16
4.	Blood extraction by finger Prick Method	16
5.	Blood transferred by RDT kits	17
6.	RDT kits	17
7.	Participation in VACC meeting	17
8.	Dang Plus (Coordinating Organization)	17

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix	Title of Appendix	Pages
1.	Informed Verbal Consent Form	44
2.	Questionnaires Survey	45

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviated form Details of abbreviations

AIDS Acquired Immuno-deficiency Syndrome

ARC AIDS Related Complex

BDS Blue Diamond Society

CDC Centre for Disease Control and Prevention

DACC District AIDS Co-ordination Committee

DOHS Department of Health Services

ECDC European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control

FHI Family Health International

FPAN Family Planning Association of Nepal

FSW Female Sex Worker

FWDR Far Western Development Region

Gp Glycoprotein

HIV Human Immuno-deficiency Virus

ICH Institute of Community Health

IDU Intravenous drug Users

IEC Information, Education and Communication

INF International Nepal Fellowship

KAP Knowledge Attitude and Practice

MA Master of Arts

MARP More at Risk Population

MoHFW Ministry of Health and Family Welfare

MOHP Ministry of Health and Population

MPH Master of Public Health

MSM Man having Sex with Men

MWDR Mid Western Development Region

NACO National AIDS Control Organization

NCASC National Centre for AIDS and STD Control

NGO Non Governmental Organization

NSARC Nepal STD/AIDS Research Centre

OE Outreach Educator

PE Peer Educator

RDT Rapid Diagnostic Test

SACTS STD/AIDS Counseling and Training Services

STD Sexually Transmitted Disease

STI Sexually Transmitted Infections

TU Tribhuvan University

UNAIDS Joint Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS

UNGASS United Nations General Assembly Special Session on AIDS

UNICEF United Nations Children's Fund

VACC Village AIDS Co-ordination Committee

VCT Voluntary Counseling and Test

VDC Village Development Committee

WDR Western Development Region

WHO World Health Organization