FISH DIVERSITY OF KALI GANDAKI RIVER, BHARATIPUR VDC, NAWALPARASI, NEPAL



DEEPAK SHAMSHER RANA MAGAR T.U. Registration No: 5-2-19-604-2008 Roll No: 14/070 Batch: 2070-71

A thesis submitted In partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the degree of Master of Science in Zoology with special paper Fish and Fishery.

> Submitted To: Central Department of Zoology Institute of Science and Technology Tribhuvan University Kirtipur, Kathmandu Nepal

> > July, 2017

RECOMMENDATION

This is to recommend that the thesis entitled "Fish diversity of Kali Gandaki River, Bharatipur Vdc, Nawalparasi, Nepal" has been carried out by Mr. Deepak Shamsher Rana Magar for the partial fulfillment of Master's Degree of Science in Zoology with special paper 'Fish and fisheries'. This is his original work and has been carried out under my supervision. To the best of my knowledge, this thesis work has not been submitted for any other degree in any institutions.

Date:

Supervisor Prof. Dr. Surya Ratna Gubhaju Central Department of Zoology Tribhuvan University Kirtipur, Kathmandu, Nepal

.....



LETTER OF APPROVAL

On the recommendation of supervisor "**Prof. Dr. Surya Ratna Gubhaju**" this thesis submitted by **Mr. Deepak Shamsher Rana Magar** entitled "**Fish diversity of Kali Gandaki River, Bharatipur Vdc, Nawalparasi, Nepal**" is approved for the examination and submitted to the Tribhuvan University in partial fulfillment of the requirements for Master's Degree of Science in Zoology with special paper Fish and Fisheries.

Date:

Prof. Dr. Ranjana Gupta Head of Department Central Department of Zoology Tribhuvan University Kirtipur, Kathmandu, Nepal

.....

DECLARATION

I hereby declare that the work presented in this thesis entitled "Fish diversity of Kali Gandaki River, Bharatipur Vdc, Nawalparasi, Nepal" has been done by myself, and has not been submitted elsewhere for the award of any degree. All the sources of the information have been specifically acknowledged by reference to the authors or institutions.

Date:

Deepak Shamsher Rana Magar deepsrana01@gmail.com

.....

CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE

This thesis work submitted by **Mr. Deepak Shamsher Rana Magar** entitled "**Fish diversity of Kali Gandaki River, Bharatipur Vdc, Nawalparasi, Nepal**" has been accepted as a partial fulfillment for the requirements of Master's Degree of Science in Zoology with special paper Fish and Fisheries.

EVALUATION COMMITTEE

Supervisor Prof. Dr. Surya Ratna Gubhaju CDZ, TU, Nepal

.....

External Examiner

.....

Head of Department

.....

Prof. Dr. Ranjana Gupta CDZ, TU, Nepal

.....

Internal Examiner

Date of Examination:

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

First of all, I will like to express my sincere gratitude to my supervisor Prof. Dr. Surya Ratna Gubhaju, Central Department of Zoology, T.U, Kirtipur for his guidance, inspiration and valuable suggestion for complete of this research work. I would also like to thanks Prof. Dr. Ranjana Gupta, Head of Central Department, of Zoology, T.U for her kind support and encouragement.

I would like to express my sincere thanks to our respected Professors and all the staffs of Central Department of Zoology, TU.

I would like to express my thanks to Mr. Kul Kumal, Dipendra Rana and Kale Kumal for their valuable support during this research work.

My special acknowledgement goes to my friends Tank Bahadur Oli, Bikash Baral, Pujan Adhikari and Govinda Rana for their help to complete my research work. Finally I have gratitude towards my father and all the people who have direct or indirect involvement in the finalization of my research.

Deepak Shamsher Rana Magar

ABSTRACT

The Kali Gandaki River had a good habitat to support several freshwater fishes. A total of 17 Fish species have been collected belonging to 4 orders, 7 Families and 12 genera. Common fishes were *Barilius barila, Barilius bendelisis, Garra annandalei* and *Pseudecheneis eddsi* species. While the fishes like *Tor putitora* and *Channa orientalis* were rarely caught. Cyprinidae family remained dominant throughout the study period. The distribution and composition of the fishes depended upon the physiochemical parameters. The fishes were not found uniformly distributed in the river, it might be due to variation in temperature, depth, transparency, pH, DO, free CO₂, hardness, etc. of water. However no significant difference in the diversity composition was obtained during the investigation period; rather the composition of fish species was the seasonal phenomenon. The study showed the decline in density and species richness of fishes; which might be due to illegal fishing, pollution and habitat destruction etc.

Key words: Diversity, Illegal fishing, Degrading, Habitat destruction.

CONTENTS

| DECLARATION | i | | | |
|---|-----------|--|--|--|
| RECOMMENDATIONii | | | | |
| LETTER OF APPROVALiii | | | | |
| CERTIFICATE OFACCEPTANCE | iv | | | |
| ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS | V | | | |
| CONTENTS | vi | | | |
| LIST OF TABLE | ix | | | |
| LIST OF FIGURE | X | | | |
| LIST OF APPENDICES | xi | | | |
| ABSTDACT | X11 :: | | | |
| | XIII | | | |
| 1.INTRODUCTION | 1 | | | |
| 1.1 Background | 1 | | | |
| 1.2 Water Resources of Nepal | .1 | | | |
| 1.3 Status of fish in Nepal | .2 | | | |
| 1.4 Status of fisheries in Agriculture of Nepal | .3 | | | |
| 1.5 Threats to fishery resources of Nepal | .4 | | | |
| 1.6 Objectives of the study | .5 | | | |
| 1.7 Justification of the study | .5 | | | |
| 1.8 Limitation of the study | .5 | | | |
| 2.LITERATURE REVIEW | 6 | | | |
| 3.MATERIALS AND METHODS | 8 | | | |
| 3.1 Study Period | 8 | | | |
| 3.2 Study Area | 8 | | | |
| 3.3 Materials9 |) | | | |
| 3.4 Methods | .10 | | | |
| 3.4.1 Data collection | .10 | | | |
| 3.5 Water Quality Analysis | .10 | | | |
| 3.5.1 Physical Parameters | .10 | | | |

| 3.5.1.1 Water Color10 |
|--|
| 3.5.1.2 Water Temperature10 |
| 3.5.1.3 Transparency10 |
| 3.5.1.4 Depth11 |
| 3.5.1.5 Bottom Substratum11 |
| 3.5.1.6 Water Velocity11 |
| 3.5.2 Chemical Parameter |
| 3.5.2.1Hydrogen-Ion Concentration (pH)11 |
| 3.5.2.2 Free Carbon-dioxide (CO ₂)11 |
| 3.5.2.3 Dissolved Oxygen (DO)11 |
| 3.6 Collection and Identification of fishes |
| 3.7 Statistical Analysis |
| 3.7.1 Diversity Status |
| 3.7.1.1 Species diversity Index12 |
| 3.7.1.2 Evenness Index |
| 3.8 Fishing implements and fishing techniques |
| 4. RESULTS14 |
| 4.1 Physical parameters of water14 |
| 4.1.1 Water Color14 |
| 4.1.2 Water Temperature14 |
| 4.1.3 Transparency14 |
| 4.1.4 Depth15 |
| 4.1.5 Bottom Substratum15 |
| 4.1.6 Water Velocity17 |
| 4.2 Chemical parameters of water |

| 4.2.1 Hydrogen-Ion Concentration (pH)17 | , | |
|---|----------|--|
| 4.2.2 Free Carbon-dioxide (CO ₂)18 | 3 | |
| 4.2.3 Dissolved Oxygen (DO)18 | , | |
| 4.3 Fish diversity1 | 9 | |
| 4.3.1 Systematic position of the fish | | |
| 4.3.2 Order wise fish composition | | |
| 4.3.3 Family wise fish composition | <u>)</u> | |
| 4.3.4 Frequency of fish species in different Stations | | |
| 4.3.5 Correlation between the physical parameter and fish24 | | |
| 4.3.6 Diversity Status of fish of Kali Gandaki River | | |
| 4.4 Fishing implements and fishing techniques25-27 | | |

| 6. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION | 32 |
|----------------------------------|----|
| 6.1 Conclusion | 32 |
| 6.2 Recommendation | 32 |

| 7. R | EFFERENCES | | |
|------|------------|--|--|
|------|------------|--|--|

LIST OF TABLES

| Table No. | Title of table | Pages |
|-----------|---|-------|
| 1) | Estimated water surface area in Nepal | 1 |
| 2) | Status Accounts for fish species of Nepal | 3 |
| 3) | Fish production in Nepal 2013/14 | 4 |
| 4) | Description of bottom substratum in different Sampling Stations | 16 |
| 5) | Distribution, abundance and frequency occurrence of fishes in Kali Gand | |
| | River | 21 |
| 6) | Order wise fish composition in Kali Gandaki River | 21 |
| 7) | Family wise fish composition in Kali Gandaki River | 22 |
| 8) | Correlation between physical parameters of water and fish number in] | |
| | Gandaki River | 24 |
| | | |

LIST OF FIGURES

| Figure No. | Title of Figure | Pages |
|------------|---|-------|
| 1) | Map showing Rivers and Lakes of Nepal | 2 |
| 2) | Map of the study area representing three stations | 8 |
| 3) | Variation of temperature at different stations | 14 |
| 4) | Variation of transparency at different stations | 15 |
| 5) | Variation of depth at different stations | 15 |
| 6) | Substratum at Station I | 16 |
| 7) | Substratum at Station II | 16 |
| 8) | Substratum at Station III | 16 |
| 9) | Variation of water velocity at different stations | 17 |
| 10) | Variation of pH at different stations | 17 |
| 11) | Variation of free CO ₂ at different stations | |
| 12) | Variation of DO at three stations | 18 |
| 13) | Order wise fish composition in Kali Gandaki River | 22 |
| 14) | Family wise fish composition in Kali Gandaki River | 23 |
| 15) | Frequency of fish species in different stations | 23 |
| 16) | Station wise fish diversity index and evenness index | 25 |

Pages

LIST OF APPENDICES

| APPENDIX 1: Photographs of three different stations and field work40 |
|---|
| APPENDIX 2: Photographs of identified fish species41-42 |
| APPENDIX 3: A list of questionnaires used in interview with local fishermen of Kali |
| Gandaki River to study fishing implements and fishing technique43-44 |

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

| Abbreviated form | details of abbreviations |
|------------------|--|
| ⁰ C | Degree Centigrade |
| AAPA | Aquatic Animal Protection Act |
| АРНА | American Public Health Association |
| CBS | Central Bureau Statistic |
| DOFD | Directorate of Fisheries Development |
| DO | Dissolved Oxygen |
| ha | hectare |
| IUCN | International Union for Conservation of Nature |
| VDC | Village Development Community |
| WWF | World Wildlife Fauna |
| EIA | Environment Impact Assessment |
| BOD | Biological oxygen demand |
| Conc. | Concentrated |
| F.D | Fish Diversity |
| RCNP | Royal Chitwan National Park |
| FAO | Food and Agriculture Organisation |