OF ROOT-KNOT NEMATODE (*MELOIDOGYNE* SPP.)



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I hereby declare that the work presented in this thesis has be	een done by myself, and has
not been submitted elsewhere for the award of any degree.	All sources of information
have been specifically acknowledged by reference to the auth	or(s) and institution(s).
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RECOMMENDATIONS

This is to recommend that the thesis entitled "NEMATICIDAL ACTIVITY OF LANTANA CAMARA FOR CONTROL OF ROOT-KNOT NEMATODE (MELOIDOGYNE SPP.)" has been carried out by Ganesh Ghimire for the partial fulfillment of Master's Degree of Science in Zoology with special paper Parasitology.

This is his original work and has been carried out under our supervision. To the best of our knowledge, this thesis work has not been submitted for any other degree in any institutions.

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LETTER OF APPROVAL

On the recommendation of supervisor "Prof. Dr. Ranjana Gupta" and co-supervisor "Assoc. Prof. Arvind K. Keshari" this thesis submitted by Ganesh Ghimire entitled "NEMATICIDAL ACTIVITY OF *LANTANA CAMARA* FOR CONTROL OF ROOT-KNOT NEMATODE (*MELOIDOGYNE* SPP.)" is approved for the examination and submitted to the Tribhuvan University in partial fulfillment of the requirement for Master's Degree of Science in Zoology with special paper Parasitology.

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CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE

The thesis work submitted by Ganesh Ghimire entitled "NEMATICIDAL ACTIVITY OF LANTANA CAMARA FOR CONTROL OF ROOT-KNOT NEMATODE (MELOIDOGYNE SPP.)" has been accepted as a partial fulfillment for the requirements of Master's Degree of Science in Zoology with special paper Parasitology.

EVALUATION COMMITTEE

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

μ Micron

ADP Adenosine triphosphate

FOA Food and Agriculture Organization

GM Gelatinous matrix

ha Hector

ICIMOD International Centre for Integrated Mountain Development

J₂ Second stage juvenile

J₄ Fourth stage juvenile

NARC National Agriculture Research Council

rpm Revolutions per minutes

SEM Scanning electronic microscope

SPSS Statistical package for social studies

UGC University Grant Commission

ABSTRACT

Root- knot nematode is an obligate parasite of more than 200 plant species including agricultural, horticultural and woody plants. It causes conspicuous galls in the root due to which plant suffer from vascular damage which disturbs water and mineral uptake. Synthetic nematicide is one of the primary means of nematode control, however, of their higher cost, unavailability at the time of need and the hazards they pose as environment pollution, plants having nematicidal effect are used these days. The present study was conducted to explore the potential of locally available plant species for the control of root-knot nematode. In this study, nematicidal effect of Lantana camara was evaluated for the control of Meloidogyne spp. Various concentrations of aqueous leaf extracts of Lantana camara were assessed in vitro conditions against second stage juveniles (J₂) of Meloidogyne spp. Study showed 50% of Lantana camera solution at 48 hrs of incubation period and above showed effective in immobilizing second stage of larvae (J₂) of *Meloidogyne* spp. The standard concentration 'S' of leaf extract was found to be highly nematostatic in which 98.66% of juveniles were paralyzed in 48hrs. Similarly, 57.66% of nematode were paralyzed when applied 50% of leaf extract concentration in 48hrs. Further research is needed to evaluate their efficacy under greenhouse and field conditions.