AN ASSESSMENT OF THE CONTRIBUTION OF COMMUNITY FOREST ON SOCIO-ECONOMIC UPLIFTMENT OF WOMEN, POOR AND DALIT

(A case study of Kalika Chandika CFUG, Bhainse-2, 3, Makawanpur)

By

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Dissertation Submitted for the Partial fulfillment of the requirement of the Bachelor of Science in Forestry

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DECLARATION

I hereby declare that this type of research entitled "An Assessment of the Contribution of Community Forest on Socio-economic Upliftment of Women, Poor and Dalit" a CFUG level study at Bhainse VDC, Ward No.- 2, 3, Makawanpur District, Nepal is my own work except otherwise as acknowledged. No part of this research has been submitted to any other academic institutions for any degree.

Bechu Kumar Vinwar Yadav

February 2006.

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ADB Asian Development Bank

BS Bikram Sambat

CARE Co-operative American Relief for Everywhere

CF Community Forest/ Forestry

Cft Cubic feet

CFUGC Community Forest User Group Committee

CFUGs Community Forest User Groups

CIDA Canadian International Development Agency

DAG Disadvantage Group

DDC District Development Office

DFID Department for International Development

DFO District Forest Office/ Officer

DoF Department of Forests

FAO Food and Agriculture Organization

FINNIDA Finnish International Development Agency

HHs Households

HMGN His Majesty's Government of Nepal

IGAs Income Generation Activities

IGTK Indigenous Technical Knowledge

INGOs International Non-Governmental Organization

IOF Institute of Forestry

MFSC Ministry of Forest and Soil Conservation

MPFC Master Plan for Forestry Sector

NARMSAP Natural Resource Management Sector Assistance Program

NGO Non- Governmental Organization

NPC National Planning Commission

NRs Nepalese Rupees

NTFPs Non- Timber Forest Products

NUKCFP Nepal-UK Community Forestry Project

OP Operational Plan

PF/ PPF Panchayat Forest/ Panchayat Protected Forest

RHHs Respondent Households

TISC Tree Improvement and Silviculture Component

UNDP United Nation Development Program

VDC Village Development Committee

LIST OF VERNACULAR NAMES

Bhari Back load (1 bhari = 30 kg fuel wood or 15 kg grass)

Bigha 20 katha of land

Birta A free hold land

Dalit The disadvantaged occupational caste

Damai Untouchable caste, so called the Tailor

Guthi 1. Religious funds for association

2. A form of tax-free land tenure for holdings dedicated to

religious purposes.

Kami Untouchable caste, so called the Blacksmith

Kipet An ancient type of land tenure having legal standing that days

Katha Measuring unit of land (340 sq. m. of land)

Panchayat A local politico-administrative unit during panchayat system

Ropani Unit of land measurement in the hills equivalent to one-

twentieth of a hectare

Thekedar Contractor

Sarki Untouchable caste, so called the Cobblers

Talukdari A kind of traditional land tenure system in which the local

headman (talukdars) were authorized for the responsibilities

for controlling access to the forest and distributing forest

products.

ABSTRACT

Nepalese society is made of complex mixture of castes, orders, families, ethnicity,

communities and tribes, which create discrimination to have access and control over

the resources. Discrimination affects the participation of users in the implementation

of Operational Plan (OP) leading to the failure of programs.

The study entitled "An Assessment of the Contribution of Community Forest on

Socio-economic Upliftment of Women, Poor and Dalit" was proposed and carried out

aiming to assess the contribution of Community Forest (CF) on socio-economic

upliftment of women, poor and dalit of Kalika Chandika CFUG, Bhainse- 2 & 3,

Makawanpur District.

The findings were made using questionnaire survey as a research tool where

altogether 30 respondents were taken for interview. Information on natural, social,

human and financial aspects of the livelihood assets were chosen and compared the

before handed over CF with CFUG at the present. Discussion with users and field

observation taken from different socio-economic status also helped to draw findings.

Poor and Dalit fulfill their subsistence needs of forest products, but CF could not have

contributed to uplift their economic condition as existed before CF formation. Now,

women are little bit encouraged to participate in social development activities.

Financially, contribution of CF to the women is not satisfactory. It seems to be in

sprouting stage for the socio-economic upliftment point of view. Women, poor and

dalit should be represented in CFUG-committee on the equity basis and also Income

Generation Activities (IGAs), social development activities and human resource

development should be given top priority for their livelihood.

Keywords: Socio-economic, Livelihood, Equity, Human resource, IGAs