KNOWLEDGE AND PRACTICE OF FAMILY PLANNING DEVICES IN CHAUDHARY COMMUNITY

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DECLARATION

hereby declare that this thesis has not been submitted for candidature of any another
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RECOMMENDATION LETTER

This thesis entailed "Knowlwdge and Practice of Family Planning Devices in Chaudhary Community" submitted by Shanta Subedi in partial fulfilment of requirement for the Master's Degree in Health education is under my supervision. Therefore it is recommended for viva voice.

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ABSTRACT

The challenging problem of population growth attracts everyone to find the solution. Since governmental and non-governmental policy and program had lunched the growth rate did not reduce hopefully. So, it is necessary to study about knowledge, Attitude and Practice of using contraceptive devices. This study was under taken for getting the knowledge, attitude and practice of Chaudhary community about using contraceptive devices of family planning in this background.

It studies on "Knowledge and Practice of Family Planning Devices in Chaudhary Community" (A Case study on Itahari of Sunsari District). This study is conduct in Chaudhary community of Itahari- 9, Sunsari District. There were around 717 household and only 113 households of Chaudhary in ward no. 9 of the district According to Itahari sub metro polity profile 2011. The population of the study is 15-49 age group. The data was collected from primary sources. The primary data was collected from the means of interview schedule. The collected data was coding, editing and processing manually, calculation of percentage was major statistical measure for analyzing and interpretation the data.

This study on Knowledge and practices on use of family planning among Chaudhary married women community in the study area of the district. It has been conducted to identify the factors affecting the use of family planning devices among married women at reproductive age group (15-49). The main objectives were, to find out the demographic, socio-economic and educational status of the Chaudhary community, to identify the knowledge and practice on family planning devices on married women in Chaudhary community and to find out use and nonuse of family planning devices. It was carried out using primary data collected by using interview schedule from 113 married women at reproductive age 15-49 years. Collected data were analyzed systematically and interpreted in simple random method using interview schedule. The study revealed that 50 percent was familiar with Depo-Provera, 75 percent was familiar with Condom, 84 percent were Pills, 73 percent was familiar with female sterilization, 19 percent was familiar with Norplant and 79 percent was familiar with male sterilization. It was accounted that 52.54 percent respondents were marriage at 15-19 years but 3.38 percent respondents were married at above 24 years.

The rapid population growth is burning issues of Nepal. Similarly, number of burning issues are related to family planning is Chaudhary as whole nation. Although in the study area also respondents are facing various health problems due to lack of proper knowledge and contraceptive devices. Many respondents have joint family due to lack of knowledge of contraceptive devices.

From this study, the researcher has given suggestion to the concerned authorities and institutions as well as for further researcher. All the sectors related to the aspect of contraceptive devices should conduct educational program to provide better information. Furthermore, such types of studies are necessary conducted at national level.

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ABBRERATION

CBR : Crude Birth Rate

CBS : Central Bureau of Statistics

CD : Contraceptive Devices

CPR : Contraceptive Prevalence Rate

DEPO : Depo-provera

DHO : District Health OrganizationDHS : Demographic Health Survey

FHS : Family Health Survey

FP : Family Planning

FPAN : Family Planning Association of Nepal

GOS : Governmental Organization

ICPD : International Conference on population and Development

INGO : International Non Governmental Organizations

IUCD : Intrauterine Contraceptive Device

MOH : Ministry of Health

MOPE : Ministry of Population and Education

NCP : National Planning Commission
NFHS : Nepal Family Health Survey

NGO : Non Governmental Organization

NHRC : Nepal Health Research Council

SAARC : South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation

TFR : Total Fertility Rate

UN : United Nation

UNFPA : United Nations Fund for Population Agency

UNICEF : United Nations Children Emergency Fund

VDC : Village Development Committee

WHO : World Health Organization