POTENTILITY AND CHALLENGES OF RURAL TOURISM:

A Case Study of Kaulepani, Beshishahar Municipality, Lamjung, Nepal

A Thesis Submitted to:

Central Department of Rural Development

Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences

in Partial Fulfillment of Requirements for the Master's Degree of Arts

in

Rural Development

Submitted by:

DUDH PRASAD GHALE

Central Department of Rural Development

Tribhuvan University, Kirtipur Kathmandu, Nepal

T.U. Regd. No. 7-1-286-177-2002

Exam Roll No. 280793

December, 2017

Recommendation Letter

The thesis entitled Potentiality and Challenges of Rural Tourism: A Case Study of

Kaulepani, Beshishahar Municipality, Lamjung District, Nepal has been prepared by Dudh

Prashad Ghale under my guidance and super vision. I hereby forward this thesis to the

evaluation committee for final evaluation and approval.

•••••

Head of Department and Thesis Supervisor

Central Department of Rural Development

Kirtipur, Kathmandu, Nepal

Date: 2017-12-27

2074-09-12

Approval Letter

The thesis entitled **Potentiality and Challenges of Rural Tourism:A Case Study of Kaulepani, Bseshishahar Municipality, Lamjung District, Nepal** submitted by Dudh Prasad Ghale in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Master's Degree (M.A.) in Rural Development has been approved by the evaluation committee.

Evaluation Committee	
Pro Dr. Puspa Kamal Subedi	
Head of Department	
SumanKharel	
External Examiner	
Prajwal Man Shrestha	
Supervisor	
2074-09-20	
2018-01-04	

Declaration

I hereby declare that the thesis entitled "Potentiality and Challenges of Rural Tourism: A

Case Study of Kaulepani, Beshishahar municipality, Lamjung District, Nepal" submitted to

the Central Department of Rural Development, Tribhuvan University, is entirely my original

work prepared under the guidance and super vision of my supervisor. I have made due

acknowledgements to all ideas and information borrowed from different sources in course of

preparing this thesis. The results of this thesis have not been presented or submitted anywhere

else for the award of any degree or for any other purposes. I assure that no part of the content of

this thesis has been published in any form before.

Dudh Prasad Ghale

TU, Reg. No.: 7-1-286-177-2007

Date: 2017-12-27

2074-9-12

Acknowledgements

I would like to express my sincere gratitude to my supervisor Prof. Dr. Prem Sharma of the

Central Department of Rural Development, TU, Kirtipur for hisconsistent encouragement and his

praiseworthy contribution for the completion of this thesis. His broad horizon of knowledge,

clear view about the subject and inspiring personality always encouraged me to go through my

work without any difficulties.

I am thankful to all the lecturers Central Department of Rural Development for providing me a

great opportunity and support to prepare Master's Degree Thesis entitled "Potentiality and

Challenges of Rural Tourism: A Case Study of Kaulepani, Beshishahar Munacipality,

Lamjung District, Nepal".

I would like to acknowledge the support and guidance of my family throughout my studies and

time at university.

My final acknowledgement goes to Ram Bahadur Gurung and Jagat Gurung entire family for

their support and help throughout the study period. Similarly my thesis wouldn't have been

completed without the support and help of all the people of Kaulepani village, I will be always

thankful to whole Kaulepani host family. Special thank to members of KaulepaniAamaSamaj,

KhasurRodhi Youth Club, Tourism committee of Kaulepani village for their support and co-

operation for the completion of this thesis

December, 2017 Dudh Prasad Ghale

Abstract.

Nepal is one of the most beautiful countries in the world with lofty snow capped mountains and scenic, peaceful settings, making Nepal one of the highly potential countries for world tourist's destination. Tourism industry is highly growing industry in Nepal as there are lots of places across the country, among them Lamjung district is one of the destination. Lamjung, a district that falls under the western development region, lies in the Gandaki Zone of Nepal. Besishahar is the districts headquarter. This district has lots of rural areas that can be developed as best destination for tourist who wants to enjoy rural life style and scenic beauty. Among those beautiful and highly potential area for rural tourism BeshishaharMunipalicity, Kualepaniarea is one of them, which is around hour away from district headquarter Besishahar.

The general objective of the study was to explore tourism potentiality and challenges in Kaulepani area of Lamjung district. Whereas specific objectives of the study were to explore the natural and cultural attractions of this study area, assess the involvement of local people in the tourism industry, analyze the challenges, in order to develop study area as rural tourism destination.

This study has been carried out mostly on the basis of exploratory research design, also descriptive method of research design is used in order to describe the findings during the study. Qualitative and quantitative data have been collected for the study using both primary and secondary sources. Of the total households, 14 households having home-stay service, 17 household without having home stay service, 10 representatives from different CBOs, all together 41 respondents has been selected. To collect data, household survey, key informant interview, observation, method have been used and different computer program, simple statistics tools like table, graphs, have been used for data analysis and descriptive methods has been used for qualitative data.

A major challenge to develop this area as major tourist destination is lack of proper transportation service. This area also lacks proper exposure as it should have been. The study area has many things to offer to its visitors.

I believe that this thesis will contribute in some level for the promotion of the study area as tourist's destination area, and helps to determine this area as a place having high potentiality for tourism. This study might be useful for the exposure of Kaulepaniarea and hope that this thesis will contributes to increase the number of tourists in study area.

Table of Content

	Page No.
Declaration	ii
Letter of Recommendation	iii
Approval Sheet	iv
Acknowledgements	V
Abstract	vi-vii
Table of Contents	viii-xi
List of Tables	xii
List of Figures	xiii
Acronyms/ Abbreviations	xiv
CHAPTER I	
INTRODUCTION	1-8
1.1 Background of the Study	1-6
1.2 Statement of the Problem	6-7
1.3 Objectives of the Study	7
1.4 Importance of the Study	7
1.5 Organization of the Study	7-8
CHAPTER II	
REVIEW OF LITERATURE	9-27

2.1 Historical Review on Tourism	11-14
2.2 Global Trend of Travel and Tourism	14-17
2.3 Asia- Pacific Trends of Travel and Tourism	18-23
2.4 Trend of Tourism in Nepal	23-27
CHAPTER III	
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	28-30
3.1 Research Design	28
3.2 Rationale of the Selection of the Study Area	28
3.3 Nature and Sources of Data	28
3.4 Sampling Procedure	29
3.5 Data Collection and Techniques and Tools	29
3.5.1 Household Survey	29
3.5.2 Key Informant Interview	29
3.5.3 Observation	30
3.6 Method of Data Analysis	30
CHAPTER IV	
OVERVIEW OF THE STUDY AREA	31-37
4.1 General Background of the Lamjung District	31-34
4.2 Profile of the Study Area	34-37
CHAPTER V	
DATA PRESENTATION AND ANALYSIS	38-53

5.1 Socio-Demographic Characteristics	38- 46
5.1.1 Population Structure	38
5.1.2 Gender of the Respondents	39
5.1.3 Marital Status of the Respondents	40
5.1.4 Religion of the Respondents	41
5.1.5 Education Status of the Respondents	42
5.1.6 Age wise Distribution of the Respondents	43
5.1.7 Caste wise Distribution of Respondents	44
5.1.8 Family size of the Respondents	45
5.1.9 Major Occupation of the Respondents	46
5.2 Tourism Status in the Study Area	47-53
5.2.1 Number of Tourists Visited in the Study Area	48- 49
5.2.2 Local Respondents Familiar with Tourism	48
5.2.3 Types of Tourist in Study Area	48
5.2.4 Purpose of Visit in the Study Area	49
5.2.5 Tourist Staying Days	49
5.2.6 Prospects of Tourism in the Study Area	49-50
5.2.7 Problems of the Study Area as by the Respondents	51
5.2.8 Suggestions of Local Respondents	52- 53
5.2.9 Benefits from Tourism	53

CHAPTER VI

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS, CONCLUSION AND

Annex-III: Photos

SUGGESTIONS	54- 59
6.1 Summary	54- 56
6.2 Conclusion	56- 58
6.3 Suggestions	58- 59
REFERENCES	
ANNEXES	
Annex- I: Questionnaire	
Annex-II: Checklist	

List of Tables

Table No. 2.1 AsiaKey Performance Indicators 2012-2014	20
Table No. 2.2 District from each Ecological belt on the basis of Strength of Tourism	24
Table No. 4.1 Geographical Features and Climatic Diversities of Lamjung District	34
Table No. 4.3 Ward wise Population Distribution	35
Table No. 5.1 Sample Population Structure of the Study Area	38
Table No. 5.2 Respondents by Sex	39
Table No. 5.3 Religion of the Respondents	41
Table No. 5.4 Education Status of the Respondents	42
Table No. 5.5 Age wise Distribution of the Respondents	43
Table No. 5.6 Caste wise Distribution of the Respondents	44
Table No. 5.7 Family Size of the Respondents	45
Table No. 5.8 Major Occupation of the Respondents	46
Table No. 5.9 Total Number of Tourists Arrived for Home Stay in Khasur Area	47
Table No. 5.10 Local Respondents Response on Tourism Familiarity	48
Table No. 5.11 Problems of Tourism Development in Khasur Area	51
Table No. 5.12 Suggestion of Local Respondents	52

List of Figures

Figure No. 1 Inbound Tourism by Purpose of Visit 2012	17
Figure No. 2 Total Households and Population of Khasur Area	36
Figure No. 3 Major Occupation of kaulepani Community	37
Figure No. 4 Marital Status of the Respondents	40

ACRONYMS/ABBREVIATIONS

ACAP Annapurna Conservation Area Project

AD After Death

ADB Asian Development Bank

ADSL Asymmetric Digital Subscriber Line

CAGR Compound Annual Growth Rate

CBS Central Bureau of Statistics

CDMA Code Division Multiple Access

DDC District Development Committee

GDP Gross Domestic Product

GSM Global System for Mobile

HNA Hainan Airlines

Km Kilo meter

MHz Mega Hertz

MMHEP Mid- Marsyangdi Hydro Electricity Project

MOCTCA Ministry of Culture, Tourism and Civil Aviation

NEFIN Nepal Federation of Indigenous Nationalities

NTB Nepal Tourism Board

OTA Online Travel Agents

REDD Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and Forest Degradation

SLC School Leaving Certificate

TIA Travel Industry Association of America

U.K. United Kingdom

UKTS United Kingdom Tourism Survey

UN United Nation

UNWTO United Nation World Tourism Organization

US United States

USA United States of America

VDC Village Development Committee

WTTC World Travel and Tourism Council

WTO World Tourism Organization