# UTILIZATION OF BLOCK GRANT IN LOCAL BODY: A Study of Kabilas VDC in Chitwan District

#### A Thesis

Submitted to Saptagandaki Multiple Campus, BharaturChitwan

The Department of Economics and Rural Development

For the Degree of Master of Arts Social Sciences in Partial Fulfillment of

Requirements for the Degree of Master of

Arts in Rural Development (RD)

## **Submitted By:**

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April, 2017

LETTER OF DECLARATION

I hereby declare that the thesis entitled "UTILIZATION OF BLOCK GRANT IN

LOCAL BODY: A Study of Kabilash VDC, Chitwan District, submitted to the

Department of Economics and Rural Development, Saptagandaki Multiple Campus

BharatpurChitwan, is entirely my original work prepared under the guidance and

supervision of my supervisor. I have made due acknowledgements to all ideas and

information borrowed from different source in the course of preparing this thesis. The

results of this thesis have not been presented or submitted anywhere else for the award of

any degree or for any other purposes. I assure that no part of the content of this thesis has

been published in any form before.

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LETTER OF RECOMMENDATION

The Thesis entitled UTILIZATIONOF BLOCK GRANT IN LOCAL BODY: A Study

of Kabilas VDC, Chitwan districthas been prepared by SURYA PRASAD PAUDYAL

under my guidance and supervision. I hereby forward this thesis to the evaluation

committee for final evaluation and approval.

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(Krishna Prasad Gyawali)

Supervisor

Date:

13 April, 2017

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## APPROVAL LETTER

The Thesis entitled **UTILIZATION OF BLOCK GRANT IN LOCAL BODY: A Study Of Kabilas VDC Chitwan District** has been prepared by <u>SURYA PRASAD</u>

<u>PAUDYAL</u>in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the Master's Degree (MA) in Rural Development has been approved by the evaluation committee.

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This report has been prepared for a partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

Master of Arts (MA) in Rural Development. There is no doubt about the role of advisor in

bring together the materials and making them meaningful. Therefore, I would like to

express my sincere thanks to my teacher and thesis advisor Mr. Krishna Prasad Gyawali,

Lecturer of Department of Economics and Rural Development, Saptagandaki Multiple

Campus, BharatpurChitwan for his precious guidance and supervision.

I would also like to express my sincere gratitude to all other respected teacher who serves

in Department of Economics and Rural Development, for their different cooperation and

who always inspire me to study.

Similarly, Special thanks goes to Lecturer Ram Prasad Tiwari for his tried less help during

the study, JagadisworBaral Department Chief for making suggestion for the outline and

improvement of this report and providing materials. I wish to take this opportunity to

express my gratitude to my respected parents and all those friends who helped me with

valuable advice. Further gratitude goes to VDC Secretary Mr. Pradhubna Kumar Khadka

and Social Mobilizer Ms. SushmaGurung and other staffs of Kabilash VDC who help me

collect data and provide all necessary information and support during the field visit.

Likewise, thanks to all people whom I met during the focus group discussion and opinion

survey.

April, 2017

Surya Prasad Paudyal

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## **ABSTRACT**

Decentralization is accepted as a main means of enhancing good governance, a process of administrative, political, social and economic development works, and a strategy for promoting people's participation and empowerment of peoples. By the way of decentralization and devolution of services from the Centre to the local level there are provisioned two tire local bodies District Development Committee and Village Development Committee/Municipality. Every year government provides the grant to local bodies for carrying out development activities. This studygives attention the status of utilization of block grant in local body; a case study has been taken by Kabilas VDC of Chitwan district.

This study was carried out three major objectives. The first objective was to find out the utilization of block grant received by VDC from center budget and DDC. As per the finding of this study, VDC have got regularly grant from national budget as target. Second objective was to find out the status of women, children and disadvantage people participation in planning, implementation and decision making process in VDCs. However, there is lack of meaningful participation and need to participation to them. Third, what are challenges and constrains of utilization of block grants to target groups.

Finally, the study is for the partial fulfillment of MA Rural Development having general objectives of utilization of block grant in local body with the focused on study of Kabilas VDC in Chitwan district.

This study carried out based on explorative and descriptive both type of research design. The nature and source of data collection through primary as well as secondary method has been applied. Main source of primary data are collect form Kabilas VDC. For the primary data collection, choosing seventy two respondents throughout the VDC through accidental method and observation method also applied for the data collection. Other secondary data collect from different published, book, journal which is published by respective VDC and DDC and different website as well. Likewise, an interview was conducted to each key informant with structured or unstructured questionnaire. Similarly, data collection form general public and focus group discussion with structured and prepared open ended question.

The study was focused to lot of challenges and constrictions to implement the budget and program of VDCs. Absent of elected local bodies, raising work load of staffs, lack of proper knowledge for the job responsibility, political interferes, lack of coordination are

major challenges and constraints to implement the budget and program. Government has prepared separate guideline for effective implementation and proper utilization of VDC grant and earmarked certain percent budget for children, women and disadvantage people.

The findings of the study is development activities are approved on the basis of community demand but the prioritization is made on the basis of the available fund and to some extend interest of the political party and pressure group as well. Though participation of women, children and disadvantage group has been in the priority list of local governments but they have not been able to receive the benefits as expected. However, the result of this VDC looks much better in terms of participation and benefits sharing by the target groups. People's participation are not encourage by the local government and the budget allocated for the target group are used as per their desire as they could not identify the focus program for the target groups. Project are mostly selected on the basis of the personal interest.

The function, duty and power of local bodies is to look after agriculture, rural drinking water, works and transport, education and sports, irrigation and soil erosion and river control, physical development, health service, forest and environment, language and culture, tourism and cottage industries development etc. The function, duty and power of council are to pass the budgets, plans and program submitted through participatory planning process.

Despite the fact of the compliance of budget allocation and program implementation systems are still out of track. It is hoped that this study will help to understand how VDC allocate VDC grant and made expenditure. Similarly, this study will help to find the level of women, children and disadvantage people participation in VDC level. The large contribution that these grants make to local development has led the Government to increase the amount over recent years.

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#### **ACRONYMS**

ADDCN - Association of District Development Committee Nepal

BS - Bikram Sambat

CAC - Citizen Awareness Centre

CBO - Community Base Organization

CFUG - Community Forestry User Group

DDC - District Development Committee

DPs - Development Partners

FY - Fiscal Year

GIZ - German Technical Cooperation

GoN - Government of Nepal

INGO - International Non-Government Organization

IPC - Integrated Planning Committee

LAs - Line Agencies

LBFCS - Local Body Financial Commission's Secretariate

LBFR - Local Body Financial Regulation

LBRMG - Local Body Resource Mobilization Guideline

LGCDP - Local Governance and Community Development Program

LGs - Local Governments

LSGA - Local Self Governance Act

LSGR - Local Self Governance Regulations

MCPM - Minimum Condition and Performance Measures

MoFALD - Ministry of Local Development and Federal Affairs

MUA N - Municipal Association Nepal

NAVIN - National Association of VDC Nepal

NGO - Non Governmental Organization

NPC - National Planning Commission

SMC - Ward Citizen Forum

UC - User Committee

UNDP - United Nations Development Program

VCPC - Village Child Protection Committee

VDC - Village Development Committee

VEC - Village Education Committee

V-WASH CC - Village Water Sanitation and Hygiene Coordination Committee

WCF - Ward Citizen Forum

WRMC - Water Resource Management Committee