

2011

### **RECOMMENDATION LETTER**

This thesis entitled "SOCIO-ECONOMIC STATUS OF BANTAWA COMMUNITY" (A case study of Khoku VDC of Dhankuta District) has been prepared by Mr. Nagendra Rai under my supervision in partial fulfilment of requirements for Master Degree of Arts in Rural Development. I hereby recommend this thesis to the evaluation committee for approval.

Associate Prof. Mr.Umesh Prasad

Acharya

(Supervisor)

5, September 2011

#### **APPROVAL SHEET**

This is to certify that the thesis entitled "SOCIO-ECONOMIC STATUS OF BANTAWA COMMUNITY" (A case study of Khoku VDC of Dhankuta District) written and submitted by *Mr. Nagendra Rai* has been examined. It has been declared successful for fulfilment of the academic requirements toward the completion of Masters of Arts in Rural Development.

#### THESIS COMMITTEE

Associate Prof. Ratna Mani Nepal (External Examiner) Associate Prof. Umesh Prasad Acharya (Thesis Supervisor)

Head Central Department of Rural Development (Prof. Dr. Pradip Kumar Khadka)

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Firstly, I would like to thank my supervisor **Associate Prof. Mr. Umesh Prasad Acharya,** for valuable guidance, critical comments, helpful criticism, praise and lastly for a lot of your time without any pre-appointment. Thank you for allowing the freedom to learn from mistakes and for the suggestions that kept pulling me back on track. Your input has been extremely valuable and I have been lucky to work with you.

I would like to thank you to the Bantawa Community members of Khoku VDC, Dhankuta for their patience, cooperation, sincere hospitality, and willingness to share openly their lives and experiences with Socio-Economic condition on this emerging issue. There are many people who have helped me in countless different ways throughout this thesis; many of you may not realize just how much influence you have had. Similarly, I would like to thank the member of University Central Library for supporting relevant materials. I am very grateful to my **External Supervisor Associate Prof. Mr. Ratna Mani Nepal** for valuable evaluation.

I would like to thank all the people that provided me with their valuable insight, either knowingly or unknowingly, and provided contributions to this study in a variety of different ways, *Mr Mohan Raj Rai* for valuable guidance, (for computer support), Special thanks are extended to the fellow graduate students especially: *Mohan Raj Rai, Prakash Rai, Binod Kaji Gurung* who has become my friends over the past years, providing brain-storming, encouragement, and support. Every moment I spent with you guys will never be forgotten. I take privilege to express my deep honour to my family: father *Mr. Pokh Bahadur Surphong and mother Mrs. Kansa Maya Rai* and brothers and sisters for their great affection, constant inspiration and moral and financial support when I have needed it most. I have not seen them in past few years but heard from them regularly, all your support has been fantastic. I am indebted to *Mr Chhatra Rai*, Headmaster at Jiveen Sudhalaya Secondary School Khoku, for accompanying me daily while collecting data. I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to my parents for supporting me to reach up to this academic level in every way. I never forget the immense support of my life partner *Mrs Sabitra Rai* and Other relatives.

Above all I humbly pay my gratitude to the Almighty who always showed me the right direction and showered His merciful blessings upon me.

#### ABSTRACT

This study deals with socio-economic condition of Bantawa Community in Khoku VDC of Dhankuta District. The main objectives of the study are to analyse the nature of socio-economic condition in Bantawa Community in the study area. The primary data are collected from the census method of total household of Bantawa Community in Khoku VDC and respondents are taken 67 households of ward no. 2,5,7 and 9. These households have been considered as targeted groups. It is descriptive type of study based on primary data.

Low socio-economic condition is the characteristic of developing country like Nepal which adversely affects in the national development. Increased urbanization and globalization pushed the rural areas even worse condition by minimizing the value and cost of the production from area. Socio-economic condition measures the main nature of socio-economic condition that affects in the daily lifestyle of people. The impact of low socio-economic condition on any community is worldwide and burning issues but the trend and level of these issues is different between developed and developing countries.

In the particular context in Khoku VDC of Dhankuta District is the main socioeconomic condition which is the prime concern of the study of Bantawa Community. The economic condition of Bantawa community in Khoku VDC (2,5,7 and 9) is really so poor but some of them are in rich condition because of cash crops. The overall population of the study area indicates the medium level of economic conditions which causes the poor household also disappear in that average. The study argues that Bantawa Community does not have access on education, politics, health service etc. Therefore, it is very necessary to uplift the particular community in different aspects. Socially and economically they do not have access as a result, they are in poor condition.

The socio-economic aspect is major part of livelihood in every community. Only economic upliftment is not sufficient for human life but also social dignity is necessary in the same level. The rural development is not possible until and unless the both aspects are equally addressed. So the Bantawa Community are needed the opportunity for entire development from government and nongovernment side as well as private sector.

#### **Table of Contents**

## **Chapter Title**

Page No.

Recommendation Approval Sheet Acknowledgement Abstract Table of Contents List of Table List of Figure List of Illustration Abbreviation Glossary

#### Chapter –I Introduction

1.1	Background of the Study	1
1.2	Statement of the Problem	5
1.3	Objectives of the study	8
1.4	Rationale and Significance of the Study	8
1.5	Limitation of the Study	9
1.6	Organization/ Chapter Plan of the study	10

#### Chapter- II .

Chapter - II			
Litera	ature Re	view	
	2.1	The Bantawa Kirant	19
	2.2	The Bantawa Kirant Ethnic group	21
Chapter -I	Ι		
Resea	rch Met	hodology	
	3.1	General Background of the Study Area	26
	3.2	Source of Data:	26
	3.3	Sample Size	27
	3.4	Sampling Method	27

3.5 Sample Design	27
3.6 Tools and techniques of data collection	27
3.6.1 Questionnaire	27
3.6.2 Household Survey	28
3.6.3 Observation	28
3.6.4 Focus Group Discussion	28
3.6.5 Key Informants Interview	29
3.6.6 Unstructured Interview	29
3.6.7 Case Study	29
3.7. Reliability and Validity of the Study	30
3.8. Method of Data Analysis	30
Chapter -IV	
Introduction to the Study Area. 4.1 Climatic Features	32
4.2 Water Resources	33
4.3. The Bantawa Kirat People	33
4.4. Sakela Lak	34
4.5 Natural worshiper	35
4.6 Demography	36
4.7. Size of Population	36
4.8. Age and Sex Structure of Sample Households	37
4.9. Ethnic Composition of Khoku VDC	38
4.10. Ward Wise Population Composition of Khoku VDC	2 40
4.11 Educational Status of the Khoku VDC	41
4.12. Health Status of the Study Area.	42
4.13 Infrastructures of Development	43
4.14. Religious Composition	44

#### CHAPTER –V The Bantawa Kirat People

5.1 Ethnic History of the Bantawa Kirat	45
5.2 Kinship System and Kinship Terminology	45
5.3 Social Structure	46
5.3.1 Clan	46
5.3.2 Local Clan Segment	48
5.3.3 Lineage	49
CHAPTER -VI	
Socio-Economic Characteristics	
6.1 Size of Family	50
6.2 Village Economy	51
6.4 Major Occupation	53
6.5 Size of Land Holding	55
6.6 Types of house	58
6.7.1 Income and Sources	78
6.8 Food Sufficiency	61
6.9 Present Situation	64
6.10 Educational Status of the Study Area	65
6.11 Causes of Low Socio-Economic Status of Bantaw	/a in
the Study Area.	66
6.12 Suggestion to Improve the Socio-economic Status	s of
Bantawa Community	69

### **CHAPTER -VII**

## SUMMARY, CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

7.1 Summary	70
7.2 Conclusion	72
7.3 Recommendation	73

## REFERENCES

Questionnaire	89
Dhankuta District Map	90
Map of Khoku VDC	91
An Overview of Bhedetar 'View'	92
An Overview of Bantawa Community in Khoku VD C	93
Cultural Dance (Wadangmik Lak)	94
Pitri Puja	95

75

# List of Table

Table TitlePage No.	
Table No. 1 Population by Age and Sex Group, of households	38
Table No. 2 Ethnic Composition of Khoku VDC	39
Table No. 3 Ward Wise Population Composition of Khoku VDC	40
Table No. 4 Education of the Khoku VDC by Ward Wise	42
Table No. 5 Religious Composition of Khoku VDC	44
Table No. 6 The Bantawa Kirat's Clan	47
Table No. 7 Size of families of Bantawa in the Selective Study Area	a 51
Table No. 8 Distribution of Bantawa People by Major Occupation	54
Table No. 9 Landholding Status of the household	56
Table No. 10 Types Ownership of households	57
Table No. 11 Income Generation from various sources	58
Table No. 12 Annual Expenditure Pattern of Entire Households	60
Table No. 13 Food Sufficiency	61
Table No. 14 Education of the Study area by Level	65
Table No. 15 Causes of Lower Socio-Economic Status Identified by	the
respondents	67
Table No. 16 Distribution of Households to improve their Status	69

# List of Figure

Table Title	Page No.
Figure No. 1 Dynasty of Bantawa Kirat 37	
Figure No. 2 Ethnic Composition of Khoku VDC	39
Figure No. 3 Ward wise Population of Khoku VD	OC 41
Figure No. 4 Occupation of Khoku People	55
Figure No. 5 Types of House in Khoku VDC	57
Figure No. 6 Income Generation from various sou	arces 59
Figure No. 7 Education Status of Khoku VDC	66
Figure No. 8 Causes of Socio-Economic Status	68

# List of Map

Table Title	Page No.
Map.1 Different VDCs in Dhankuta District	90
Map.2 Map of Khoku VDC	91
Map.3 An Overview of Bhedetar 'View'	92
Map. 4 An Overview of Bantawa Community in Khoku V	DC 93
Map. 5 Wadangmik Lak (Cultural Dance)	94
Map.6 Silawamang (Pitri Puja)	95

#### **ABBREVIATION**

CBKYN	-	CHIHANTUNG BANTAWA KIRAWA YUWAHUP
		NEPALA
C.D.	-	Central Department
CBS	-	Central Bureau of Statistics
CD	-	Compact Disk
CDMA	-	Code Decoding Multiple Access
DDC	-	District Development Committee
DVD	-	Digital Video Deck
Dr.	-	Doctorate
Eds	-	Editor
F	-	Female
FDG	-	Focus Group Discussion
Fig.	-	Figure
FIKA	-	Federation of Indigenous Association
Govt.	-	Government
H/H	-	Households
HMG	-	His Majesty Government
KG	-	Kilogram
m.	-	Meter
М	-	Male
M.A.	-	Master's of Arts
NFDIN	-	Nepal Federation of Indigenous Nationalities
n.d.	-	No Date
n.p.	-	No Place /Publication
NGO	-	Non-Governmental Organization
NGO-FONIN	-	NGO-Federation of Nepalese Indigenous Nationalities
Ph.D.	-	Doctor of philosophy

Pvt.	-	Private
RD	-	Rural Development
Rs	-	Rupees
SLC	-	School Leaving Certificate
S.N.	-	Serial Number
Sq.km.	-	Square Kilometer
T.U.	-	Tribhuwan University
TUCL	-	Tribhuwan University Central Library
TN	-	Total Number
VDC	-	Village Development Committee
Ward no.	-	Ward Number

#### GLOSSARY

Adhiya	Share Cropping
Bari	Barren field
Khabakka (Wachhon)	Jad
Dalits	The lowest caste among the castes as
	divided by Hindu caste system
Samek	Gotra (clan)
Freloo	Bantawa's culture
Hengmawa	Local wine (Made by millet)
Thomma	Main cultural dance
Hang	King
Wachhon	Local Beer
Khet	Paddy field
Khoriya	Burnt area
Yung	Language
Mang	Puja
Nagle Socho	Pitri Puja
Parma (Mela)	Exchange of labour
Paruhang	God
Hengwama	Local Wine
Budhahang	Ritual Puja
Dowa	Priest