

**SOCIO-ECONOMIC CONDITION OF CHILD LABOURERS IN  
HOTEL AND RESTAURANTS  
(A Case Study of Tribhuvannagar Municipality of Dang)**

**By  
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**RECOMMENDATION**

This is my pleasure to mention here that **Mr. Ramesh Gautam** has carried out the dissertation entitled "SOCIO-ECONOMIC CONDITION OF CHILD LABOURERS IN HOTEL AND RESTAURANTS" (A Case Study of Tribhuwannagar Municipality of Dang)" under my supervision and guidance. It is the candidate's original work in hotel/restaurant and brings out useful results and findings in the concerned field.

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This dissertation entitled "SOCIO-ECONOMIC CONDITION OF CHILD LABOURERS IN HOTEL AND RESTAURANTS" (A Case Study of Tribhuwannagar Municipality of Dang)" by **Mr. Ramesh Gautam** has been accepted as partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of Masters' of Arts in Population Studies.

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## **LIST OF ABBREVIATION**

CBS	-	Central Bureau of Statistics
CDPS	-	Central Department of Population Studies
CRC	-	Children Right Convention
CWIN	-	Child Workers in Nepal Concerned Center
HMG	-	His Majesty Government
ILO	-	International Labour Orgnaization
INGO	-	International Non-Government Organization
IPEC	-	International Programme on the Elimination of Child Labour
NFE	-	Non-Formal Education
NGO	-	Non-Government Organization
UNDP	-	United Nations Development Programme
UNFPA	-	United Nations Population Fund
UNICEF	-	United Nations Children's Fund



## **ABSTRACT**

Child labourers' is a social problem in Nepal. The magnitude of the problem is more severe in unorganized than in the organized sector. Employment of the children in Hotel/Restaurant is common in the urban areas of Nepal. The present study concerns with the child laborers engaged in hotels and restaurants in Tribhuvannagar Municipality of Dang District. The study draws the information mainly about the Socio-Economic condition of children working in hotel/restaurant, and problems faced by them.

### **Major Findings:**

- ❖ This study is based on the sample of 30 hotel/restaurant child labourers interviewed.
- ❖ Majority of the hotel/restaurant child labourers' were below age of 10-14 years (63 %). Among them most of hotel/restaurants child labourers' are from different remote Villages.
- ❖ About 48 Percent hotel/restaurant child labourers' belong to their large Family size (5 - 7 family members) and 13 percent reported that their families don't have any land.
- ❖ Majority of the child labourers' (56%) are from Tharu and 15 percent from Chhetri caste /ethnic group. More than 92 percent follow Hindu religion.
- ❖ Most of the child labourers' (76 %) are literate and 24 percent are illiterate. Sixty nine percent are left school due to poor economic condition.

- ❖ More than 80 percent child labourers' Father/Mother are illiterate. Majority of the child labourers' (60 %) left home for work due to poverty.
- ❖ Most of the hotel/restaurant child labourers' (62%) left their previous job due to low salary. Majority of the child labourers' work 10 to 12 hours per day.
- ❖ Majority of the hotel/restaurant child laborers (60%) do not get off time for holiday.
- ❖ Eighty Six percent of hotel/restaurant child labourers' send money to their family. Child labourers' (48 %) feel dissatisfaction with their current job due to overburdening of work.
- ❖ Forty Five percent of the child labourers' had worked previous job in hotel/restaurant. Thirty Eight percent child labourers' are found suffered from illness.
- ❖ More than (63%) child labourers' have opportunity to watch television. This is the main source of entertainment for them.
- ❖ Most of the child labourers'(79%) feel their living conditio
  - ❖ normal.