Causes and Consequences of Internal Migration

A Study of Katari VDC, Udayapur District

A DISSERTATION

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By CHEAT NATH DHAMALA Patan Multiple Campus Patandhoka, Lalitpur June, 2010

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RECOMMENDATION

This dissertation work entitled, CAUSES AND CONSEQUENCES OF INTERNAL MIGRATION: A STUDY OF KATARI VDC, UDAYAPUR by Mr. Cheat Nath Dhamala is prepared under my supervision for the partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of 'Master of Arts in Population Studies', to the best of my knowledge, the study is original and carries out useful information on causes and consequences of internal migration

I, therefore, recommend it for the evaluation to the Dissertation Committee.

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May 2010

Letter of Approval

This dissertation work entitled "CAUSES AND CONSEQUENCES OF INTERNAL MIGRATION: A STUDY OF KATARI VDC, UDAYAPUR" by Cheat Nath Dhamala has been accepted as partial fulfillment of the requirement of the degree of Master's of Arts in Population Studies.

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ABSTRACT

This study on causes and Consequences of migration phenomenon interims of causes and its effect of leaving origin based on field survey. The main objectives of this study are: there is close relationship between number of migrants and poverty & there is inverse relationship between migrants and agriculture dependency.

This study has conceptualized migration as a part of human effort made to achieve the unknown best living that would give ultimate satisfaction.

The study was focused in Katari VDC ward no 1,2 and 3 of Udayapur district. Information from 105 households were collected. There was a total population of 540 with 285 males and 255 females. The causes and consequences of inmigrants was observed in this study. The main destination of migration were urban centers, fertile land area.

Majority of inmigrants left their place of origin due to searching of good opportunity. Internal conflict is also responsible to increase the inmigrants in Katari. Nearly 60 percent inmigrants self choose Katari VDC as destination place and the high number of inmigrants were found from Okhaldhunga, Khotang, Sindhuli. It also proved that, distance between the origin and destination place determine the stream of migration.

The major conclusions: The study was increased migration, whereas low productivity and insufficient land, lack of physical facilities and economic opportunity, causes of origin. Decrease in poverty, modern system of agriculture, business centre, physical infrastructure, high educational status was consequences of migration.

LIST OF TABLES

Table	No.	
4.1.1	Distribution of population by Age and Sex Composition	
4 1 0	Distribution of the Starke Denselstices has Oceanny tion	31
4.1.2	Distribution of the Study Population by Occupation	32
4.1.3	Distribution of Population (5 years and Above) by Education	-
	Attainment	33
4.2.1	Distribution of Respondents by Marital Status	
4.2.2	Distribution of Respondents by Literacy	34
4.2.2	Distribution of Respondents by Eneracy	34
4.2.3	Distribution of Respondents by Caste/Ethnicity	
		35
4.2.4	Distribution of Respondents by Religion	35
4.2.5	Distribution of Respondents by Occupation	35
		36
4.2.6	Distribution of Respondents by Your Family Owned Land	
107	Distribution of Despendents by Londholding Dettern	36
4.2.7	Distribution of Respondents by Landholding Pattern	37
4.2.8	Distribution of Respondents by Rented in Other's Land	
		37
4.2.9	Distribution of Respondents by Household Annual Income Sufficient	20
4.3.1	to Support Family or Not Distribution of Households by Types of Toilet	38
1.5.1	Distribution of flousenolds by Types of Tonet	38
4.3.2	Distribution of Households by Physical Facilities	
		39
4.3.3	Distribution of Households by Types of Material are Used for House	39
4.3.4	Distribution of Households by Main Source of Drinking Water	39
		40

5.1.1	Distribution of Respondent According to Inmigration in study area		
	Duration of Time	41	
5.2.1	Distribution of Respondent According to Cause of Leaving Origin	42	
5.3.1	Distribution of Respondents According to Purpose of Coming	43	
	Destination		
5.4.1	Distribution of Respondents Education by Time of Migration	43	
5.5.1	Distribution of Respondents by Age at the Time of Migration		
5.6.1	Distribution of Respondents by Persons Deciding to Migration		
5.7.1	Distribution of person Accompained by During Migration		
5.8.1	Distribution of Respondents by Land Acquired Process		
5.9.1	Distribution of Respondents by Occupational Structure in Origin and	47	
	Destination		
5.10.1	Percentage distribution of Respondents Feeling better Destination	48	
	than in Origin		
5.11.1	Percentage Distribution of Respondents Perception about Feeling	48	
	better at Place of Destination than in Origin		
5.12.1	Distribution of Respondents by Intension of Living Permanently at	49	
	Destination		
5.13.1	Distribution of Respondents by Satisfaction at Current Place of	50	
	Residence		
5.14.1	Distribution of Respondents Facing Main Problem at destination	50	
5.15.1	Distribution of Respondents by Liking/Disliking Destination Place		
5.16.1	Distribution of Respondents by Suggestion to their Relatives to	52	
	Migrate at Destination		

ACRONYMS

CBS	Central Bureau of Statistics
CDPS	Central Department of Population Studies
HH	Households
ICPD	International Conference on Population and Development
M.A.	Masters of Arts
MoPE	Ministry of Population and Environment
No.	Number
NPC	National Planning Commission
PCL	Proficiency Certificate Level
T.U.	Tribhuvan University
UN	United Nations
VDC	Village Development Committee
VRS	Vital Registration System