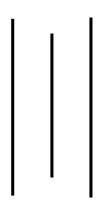
VAT IN NEPAL: CHALLENGES IN ITS IMPLEMENTATION

By
DEEPAK PRASAD NEUPANE
Shanker Dev Campus
Campus Roll No.: 1327/062

T.U. Regd. No.: 7-1-25-479-98

A Thesis Submitted to:
Office of the Dean
Faculty of Management
Tribhuvan University



In partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of
Master of Business Studies (MBS)

Kathmandu, Nepal
October 2010

RECOMMENDATION

This is to certify that the thesis

Submitted by:

DEEPAK PRASAD NEUPANE

Entitled:

VAT IN NEPAL: CHALLENGES IN ITS IMPLEMENTATION

has been prepared as approved by this Department in the prescribed format of the Faculty of Management. This thesis is forwarded for examination.

Prof. Dr. Kamal Deep Dhakal	Prof. Bishweshor Man Shrestha	Prof. Dr. Kamal Deep Dhakal
(Thesis Supervisor)	(Head, Research Department)	(Campus Chief)

VIVA-VOCE SHEET

We have conducted the viva -voce of the thesis presented

By DEEPAK PRASAD NEUPANE

Entitled:

VAT IN NEPAL: CHALLENGES IN ITS IMPLEMENTATION

And found the thesis to be the original work of the student and written according to the prescribed format. We recommend the thesis to be accepted as partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of

Master of Business Studies (MBS)

Viva-Voce Committee

Head, Research Department	
Member (Thesis Supervisor)	
Member (External Expert)	

DECLARATION

I hereby declare that the work reported in this thesis entitled "VAT In Nepal: Challenges in its Implementation" submitted to Office of the Dean, Faculty of Management, Tribhuvan University, is my original work done in the form of partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of Master of Business Studies (MBS) under the supervision of **Professor Dr. Kamal Deep Dhakal** of Shanker Dev Campus, T.U.

.....

Deepak Prasad Neupane Shanker Dev Campus

Campus Roll No. : 1327/062

T.U. Regd. No.: 7-1-25-479-98

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This thesis is prepared for the partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Master's Degree course in Business Studies. It analyzes implementing challenges on value added tax system in Nepal form the viewpoint of its resource mobilization from theoretical as well practical experience.

I am thankful for Tribhuvan University for providing me such adventurous opportunity to accomplish and fulfill inquisitiveness on knowledge on VAT as my subject. While preparing the field work, I was encountered with different realities and facts of real field.

First of all I would like to express my great sense of gratitude to my respected Sir, Professor Dr. Kamal Deep Dhakal (Campus Chief of Shanker Dev Campus TU). For providing me necessary guidance for making my study successful, without my respected sir's support this could do not be possible. I would like to extend my thanks to the entire librarian, Inland Revenue Department, librarian of Nepal commerce campus, librarian of Tribhuvan University, librarian of legislature parliament and all the staff for their kind co-operation for helping to search various materials related to my subject and all the friends and my parents for helping me out and their support during my study period.

I also want to pay my hearty thanks to all the respondents and finally I would like to say that I am entirely responsible for any errors, of any, in this thesis work. Suggestions for the improvements of this project work report will be heartily welcome.

Deepak Prasad Neupane

ABBREVIATIONS

A. D. : Anno Domini

CDC : Central Department of Economics

CEDA : Central for Economic Development and Administration

CIG : Cost of Intermediate Goods

Dr. : Doctor

EEC : European Economic Community

FNCCI : Federation of the Nepalese Chamber of Commerce and Industries

FY: Fiscal Year

GAAT : General Agreement of Tariff and Trade

GDP : Gross Domestic Product

GI : Gross Investment

GNP : Gross National Product

Govt. : Government

IMF : International Monetary Fund

IRD : Inland Revenue Department

IRO : Inland Revenue Office

MBS : Master of Business Studies

MOD : Modification

MoDVAT : Modified Value Added Tax

MoF : Ministry of Finance

MST : Multi-Stage Sales

NNI Net : National Income

SAARC : South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation

SAFTA : South Asian Free Trade Arrangement

TR : Total Revenue

TU : Tribhuvan University

UNDP : United Nations Development Program

UNO : United Nations Organization

VAT : Value Added Tax

WST : Wholesale Level Sales Tax

WTO : World Trade Organization

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I A T I I	Recommendation Viva Voce Sheet Declaration Acknowledgements Table of Contents List of Tables List of Diagrams Abbreviations		
F	Addreviations		Page No
	CHAPTER – I INTRODUCTION 1.1 Background of the Study	1	
1	.2 Statement of the Problem	4	
1	.3 Objectives of the Study	7	
	.4 Significance of the Study .5 Limitations of the Study	7 8	
1	.6 Organization of the Study	8	
	1.1.1.1.1.1 1.1.1.1.2 CHAPTER – II CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK AT 1.1.1.1.1.3 REVIEW OF LITERATURE	ND	
2	2.1 Conceptual Framework	9	
	2.1.1 Basic Features of the Nepalese VAT System	11	
	2.1.2 VAT as a Substitute of Sales Tax 2.1.3 Types of VAT	13	12
1.2	2.1.4 Comparison of VAT with a Sales Tax	15	
	2.1.5 Introduction of VAT	18	
	2.1.5.1 Exemption	20	
	2.1.5.2 Zero – Rating	22	
	2.1.5.3 Threshold	23	
	2.1.5.4 Tax Rate	24	
	2.1.5.5 Single VAT Rate	24	
	2.1.5.6 Multiple VAT Rate	24	

2.1.5.7 Imported Goods Taxed	25	
2.1.5.8 Exports Goods Taxed2.1.5.9 Obligations of VAT Registrants2.1.5.10 Books of Account	25 26 26	
1.2.1.1 2.1.5.11 VAT Account 27		
2.2 Reviews of Related Studies	28	
CHAPTER – III RESEARCH METHODOLOGY		
3.1 Concept of Research Methodology	39	
3.2 Research Design	39	
3.3 Population and Sample	40	
3.4 Nature and Sources of Data	40	
3.4.1 Primary Data	40	
3.4.2 Secondary Data	40	
3.5 Data Collection Procedure	41	
3.6 Data Processing and Analysis	41	
3.7 Tools for Analysis	41	
CHAPTER – IV PRESENTATION AND ANALYSIS OF DATA		
4.1 Revenue Structure of Nepal	42	
4.1.1 Composition of Tax Revenue		
4.1.2 Tax GDP Ratio in Nepal		
4.1.3 Contribution of VAT in Total Revenue 4.1.4 Contribution of VAT in Total Tax Revenue	48	47
4.1.5 Share of VAT in Total Indirect Tax	49	
4.1.6 Share of VAT in Total GDP	50	
4.1.7 The Composition of VAT Revenue		

4.2 Analysis of Pri 4.3 Major Finding	•	53 61
CHAPTER – V 5.1 Summary	SUMMARY, CONCLUSION AND RECO	OMMENDATIONS 62
5.2 Conclusion		65
5.3 Recommendati	ons	67
5.3.1 Some Useful	Recommendations on Administrative Reform	m
for Better In	nplementation of VAT in Nepal	67
	Recommendations on Legal Reform for lementation of VAT in Nepal	68
Bibliography		

Appendix

LIST OF TABLES

Table	No. Title	Page No.
2.1	Simple Process of Calculating Vat	20
3.1	Groups of Respondents and Size of Samples from Each Group	40
4.1	Composition of Tax Revenue	45
4.2	Tax GDP Ratio in Nepal	46
4.3	Contribution of VAT in Total Revenue	47
4.4	Contribution of VAT in Total Tax Revenue	48
4.5	Share of VAT in Total Indirect Tax	49
4.6	Share of VAT in Total GDP	51
4.7	Composition of VAT Revenue	52
4.8	Knowledge about VAT	53
4.9	VAT Paid to Whom	54
4.10	Challenges Being Tackled in Implementation of VAT in Nepal	54
4.11	View at Billing System	55
4.12	Price Rise Due to VAT System	55
4.13	Tax Burden of VAT to the Tax Payers	56
4.14	Sufficiency of Current Legal Provisions and	
	Rules of VAT in Nepal	57
4.15	Suggestion offered for the better implementation of VAT in Nep	al 57
4.16	Main Problems of Present VAT System in Business Sector	58
4.17	Major Weaknesses of VAT Administration	59
4.18	Efforts Needed to Make VAT Effectively Successful	59
4.19	Major Challenging Problems of VAT System	60

LIST OF DIAGRAMS

Diag	gram No. Title	Page No.
4.1	Composition of Tax Revenue	46
4.2	Tax GDP Ratio in Nepal	47
4.3	Contribution of VAT in Total Revenue	48
4.4	Contribution of VAT in Total Tax Revenue	e 49
4.5	Share of VAT in Total Indirect Tax	50
4.6	Share of VAT in Total GDP	51
4.7	Composition of VAT Revenue	52