KNOWLEDGE AND BEHAVIOR ON STIS AND HIV/AIDS AMONG STONE QUARRYING YOUTHS FEMALE

(A Case Study of Amarapuri VDC, Nawalparasi)

A Dissertation

Submitted to the Central Department of Population Studies Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences of Tribhuvan University in Partial Fulfillment of The Requirement for the Degree of Master of Arts in Population Studies

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Tribhuvan, University Kirtipur, Kathmandu January, 2009 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY

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RECOMMENDATION LETTER

This is to certify that Ms Pabitra Sapkota has worked under my

supervision and guidance for the preparation of this dissertation entitled

"Knowledge and Behaviour on STIs and HIV/AIDS among Stone

Quarrying Youths Female" (A Case Study of Amarapuri VDC in

Nawalparasi) for the partial fulfillment of Master's Degree of Arts in

Population Studies. To the best of my knowledge, the study is original and

carries useful information. I, therefore, recommend it for the evaluation to the

Dissertation Committee.

Dr. Bhim Raj Suwal

(Lecturer)

Date: January, 2009

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APPROVAL SHEET

This dissertation entitled "Knowledge and Behavior on STIs and HIV/AIDS Among Stone Quarrying Youths Female" (A Case Study of Amarapuri VDC in Nawalparasi) prepared by Ms Pabitra Sapkota has accepted as partial fulfillment of the requirement for the Master's Degree of Arts in Population Studies.

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ABSTRACT

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The study on Knowledge and Behavior among stone quarrying youths female in the context of STIs and HIV/AIDS was carried out based on primary data collected from Amarapuri VDC in Nawalparasi District. The main objective of the study is to find out the knowledge and behavior in the context of STIs and HIV/AIDS among stone quarrying youths female.

In this study stone quarrying youths female defined the youths female who are engage in stone quarrying at the time of survey. This study covers 120 sample household (out of total household) which 120 stone quarrying youths female are found from sample household. Among them 15-19 years constitute 33, 20-24 years constitute 49 and 25.30 constitute 38 out of total (120) youths female.

In study population, 72.5 percent respondents have heard about STIs and 82.5 percent respondents have heard about HIV/AIDS. The knowledge of STIs and HIV/AIDS is also determined by different caste group. In the study population most of the respondents are Dalit (53.3%), Married have more knowledge than unmarried respondents and the main source to gain information about HIV/AIDS is radio (74%). Among the respondents, 72.5 percent have knowledge on mode of transmission of HIV/AIDS is unprotected sexual contact. Among the respondents, 91.8 percent have knowledge of ways of preventive measure of HIV/AIDS is avoiding unsafe sexual contact followed by using condom during sexual contact (85.9%) and sexual contact with single person (69.4%).

Among the respondents, knowledge on symptoms of HIV/AIDS is diarrhea for more than one month (73.7%) followed by loss of body's weight by ten percent (59.6%). Among the respondents, 73.3 percent have sexual experience and 21.7 percent have multiple sexual partner and man occupation of sexual partner is driving (34.6%) followed by stone quarrying (30.8%). Among the respondents, 10.2 percent have suffering from any STIs, syphills is main suffering disease (44.4%). Among the respondents, 55.6 percent taking consult form doctors and 22.2 percent have nothing have done. Only 51.7 percent respondents have told sexual activities with friend. Among the respondents, 38.7 percent have reason

for discussion about sexual activity with friend is to get adequate knowledge about STIs and HIV/AIDS and reason not discussion about it is because of hesitation. Above finding depicts that stone quarrying youths female are very vulnerable condition.

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LIST OF MAP

Map: 1 Location Map of the Study Area

ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATION

AIDS Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome

CBS Central Bureau of Statistics

CDPS Central Department of Population Studies

FSWs Female Sex Workers

GOs Governmental Organizations

HIV Human Immune Deficiency Virus

ICPD International conference on population and Development

i.e. That is

IDUs Injecting Drug Users

IEC Information, Education and Communication

INGOs International Non-government Organization

MDGs Millennium Development Goals

MSM Male Sex with Male

NCASC National Centre for AIDS and STDs Control

NGOs Non-Governmental Organizations

PRB Population Reference Bureau

PSSN Population Student Society of Nepal

SLC School Leaving Certificate

STDs Sexual Transmitted Diseases

STIs Sexual Transmitted Infections

TU Tribhuvan University

TUCL Tribhuvan University Central Library

TV Television

UN United Nations

UNAIDS United Nations Programs on HIV/AIDS

UNICEF United Nations Child's Emergency Fund

USA United States of America

USAID United States Agency for International Development

VDC Village Development Committee

Vol. Volume

WHO World Health Organization