IMPACTS OF DRUG USE ON THE SOCIO-ECONOMIC STATUS OF DRUG USERS IN KATHMANDU VALLEY

A Dissertation

Submitted to the Tribhuvan University Department of Sociology/Anthropology

Prithvi Narayan Campus in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirement for the Master Degree in Sociology

By

Tek Mati Pun

Roll No: 119/060

T.U. Regd. No. 8952-93

Tribhuvan University
Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences
Department of Humanities and Sociology/ Anthropology
Prithvi Narayan Campus
Pokhara, Nepal

April 2011

LETTER OF RECOMMENDATION

This is to certify that Ms. **Tek Mati Pun** has completed this dissertation entitled "**Impacts of Drug Use on The Socio-Economic Status of Drug Users In Kathmandu Valley**" under my supervision and guidance. I, therefore, recommend this dissertation for final approval and acceptance.

Date: April 1, 2011

Dr. Prakash Upadhyay

Lecturer

Department of Sociology/Anthropology
Prithvi Narayan Campus
Pokhara, Nepal

LETTER OF APPROVAL

We hereby certify that the dissertation entitled "Impacts of Drug Use on The

Socio-Economic Status of Drug Users In Kathmandu Valley" submitted by

Ms. Tek Mati Pun to the Department of Sociology/Anthropology, Prithvi

Narayan Campus, Pokhara, in the partial fulfillment of the requirements for the

Degree of Master's of Arts in Anthropology has been found satisfactory in

scope and quality. Therefore, we accept this dissertation as a part of the

mentioned degree.

Members of Dissertation Evaluation Committee

Dr. Prakash Upadhyay

Research Supervisor

Prof. Kedar Basnet

External Examiner

Shanti Bhusal

Head, Department of Sociology/Anthropology

T.U., PNC, Pokhara

Date: April 10, 2011

RECOMMENDATION BY LANGUAGE EDITOR

This is to certify that I have gone through the draft of dissertation entitled "Impacts of Drug Use on The Socio-Economic Status of Drug Users In Kathmandu Valley" prepared by Ms. Tek Mati Pun as a language editor and made necessary correction and improvements there in. I have been impressed by her intelligible presentation of facts through the medium of plain and correct English

Date:

(Shyam Prasad Poudel)
Teaching Assistant
Department of English
Prithvi Narayan Campus
Pokhara Nepal

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

At first, I am grateful to Mrs Shanti Bhusal, Chief Department of Sociology/Anthropology, Prithivi Narayan Campus. Her valuable advices and cooperation are indeed indebted.

Secondly, I wish to express my sincere gratitude to my supervisor Lecturer Dr. Prakash Upadhyay for his valuable and constructive input in course of guidance and supervision during the research study.

I heartily thank to all the respondents who have responded the entire questionnaire frankly to my research work. I respect to their opinions and willingness.

Indeed, I am indebted to Mr. Chandra Prakash Gurung, a Counseling incharge and other Staff of 'The Recovering Group', Drug & Alcohol Treatment and Rehabilitation center for drug addicts. I express my heartfelt appreciation for their incomparable support in collecting data and providing factual information during my course of study.

I am greatly thankful to Mr. Rakesh Mahat, Program coordinator and other staff of Recovering youth Group, Mr. Prabin Shivakoti, a coordinator, Mr. Diwas Sherestha, a counselor and other staff of Upakar Nepal Sudhar Kendra, Mr. Mahesh Gyawali, System officer and other staff of Navakiran Plus Hospital, and Mr. Bimal Thapa, Executive Director and other staff of Navakiran Rehab center for theirs support to collect information from the respondents.

I express my heartfelt thanks to "Quick Computer Service Pokhara-1, Bagar" for making dissertation presentable with skilled and professional computer works.

I am sincerely thankful to all my respected family members for their inspiration and encouragement for my academic carrier.

Date:	Tek Mati Pun

ABSTRACT

The study, which is exploratory and descriptive in nature, is aimed at determining the impacts of drug use on the socio-economic status of the drug users, addictive behaviors of drug users, family members and social members' attitude and behaviors towards drug users, relationship with their parents and social members and drug use related socio-economic problems. In order to fulfill its objectives, 90 drug users were interviewed to collect information. In this study, the majority of DUs were found to be unmarried and belong to Chhetri and Newar community. Drug use is primarily prevalent among the Hindus religion and majority of DUs were unemployed and student. The majority of DUs' age range of 15 to 30 years and many DUs are found to be marijuana and Brown sugar users. The modes of drug use were varied among drug users. Peer/friends are being one of the main sources inspiring them toward drug addiction. Majority of DUs had no previous knowledge about drugs; they have taken it owing to curiosity and for enjoyment.

All the DUs were from all types of family background. Most of their parents were employed in job and business. Nevertheless, high percent of the DUs who do not receive money from their parents, are not only they involved in stealing money and household expensive things but also involved in many drug related criminalities for drug administration and to maintain their lifestyle. The high proportion of DUs had quarreled/fought with their family and social members due to their addictive behavior. It seemed that there is no good relation with them. Because of their unsafe drug using behavior and sexual contact they had infected by HIV/AIDS, Hepatitis 'C', Hepatitis 'B', sexual transmitted disease and other viral diseases. Due to their addictive behaviors, they had faced many socio-economic problems and physical problems in their life. That is why, drug users are found to be inferior in their status in the society. Drug experience is found enjoyable during the drug sessions but creates various physical, mental and socio-economic stresses in future. Possible courses of action have also been suggested.

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ACRONYMS

AIDS - Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome

ATS - Amphetamine Type Stimulants

CBS - Central Bureau of Statistics

DVT - Deep Vein Thrombosis

DUs - Drug Users

FDUs - Female Drug Users

GDL - Global Drug Law

HBV - Hepatitis B virus

HCV - Hepatitis C virus

HIV - Human Immunodeficiency virus, either of two viruses

causing AIDS

HP - Hepa Foundation

IDU - Injection drug user/Injecting drug use

IDUs - Injecting drug users

INGOs - International Non-Governmental Organization

MDUs - Male Drug Users

NGOs - Non-Governmental Organization

OST - Oral Substitution Therapy

RAR - Rapid Assessment and Response Survey

STDs - Sexual Transmitted Diseases

TRG - The Recovering Group

UNDCP - United Nations Drug Control Program

UNODC - United Nations Office on Drug and Crime

WHO - World Health Organization