CHALLENGES OF GOOD GOVERNANCE IN NEPAL

(With Reference to Assessment of Himalayan Buffer Zone Community Forestry Users Group, Chaurikharka-1, Solukhumbu)

A Thesis

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ABSTRACT

Good governance in Nepal requires the citizens to forge a single national identity, an identity sustained by a democratic partnership among the state, the market, the civil society and the citizens. The greatest strength lies in their capacity to enlist the confidence of ordinary citizens to shape the society and its vision. Without strengthening the national integrity system and proper separation and devolution of power, transparent, just and responsive governance cannot be realized.

The primary objective of the study is to explore the challenges of good governance in Nepal with an assessment of Himalayan Buffer Zone Community Forestry Users Group (HBZCFUG) at Chaurikharka-1, in Solukhumbu district. The vectors of good governance – state, market and the civil society have been deeply analyzed. The research has also explored the four folds of good governance in the CFUG namely transparency, accountability, participation and predictability depicting their impacts and roles for development.

Community Forests of Nepal, which has become renowned, has certain underlying challenges of good governance, and this study has tried its best to search a remedy to redeem any such hardships.

All together, 80 respondents were taken including the 16 key informants to obtain primary data for accomplishing the task. As a research methodology, Stratified Sampling Method was applied. Apart from this, household survey, field observation, key informant interview, focus group discussion, PRA and RRA, etc.were also conducted. The universe was purposively selected and the respondents were randomly selected.

The overall situation of good governance in the CFUG is not satisfactory. The satisfaction level of good governance in the HBZCFUG is only about 38%. The major challenges of good governance in the CFUG are (a) poor representation of poor, marginalized people and women, (b) lack of accountability among leaders of the CFUG, (c) improper and ineffective mobilization of resources, (d) lack of transparency among the leaders of the CFUG, (e) lack of predictability and (f) lack of active participation of the local people. Thus, it is recommended to improve the transparency, accountability and predictability of the leaders to strengthen good governance in the CFUG. Apart from this, active people's participation especially of women, poor, disadvantaged and the marginalized section is to be created through incentives and motivation.

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ACRONYMS

ADB : Asian Development Bank

AI : Advocacy Institute

AIC : Agricultural Input Corporation

AusAID : Australian Agency for International Development.

B.S. : Bikram Sambat

BMZ : German Ministry for Economic Cooperation and

Development

CARE : Cooperation and Relief Everywhere

CBC : Commonwealth Business Council

CF : Community Forests.

CFUGs : Community Forestry User Groups

CIDA : Canadian International Development Agency

CSOs : Civil Society Organizations

DANIDA : Danish International Development

DDC : District Development Committee

DFID : Department for International Development

EC : European Commission

EC : Executive Committee

EROPA : Eastern Regional Organization of Public Administration

EU : European Union

FDI : Foreign Direct Investment

FH : Freedom House

FTPs : Forest Timber Products

GTZ : German Technical Co-operation Agency

HBZCFUG : Himalayan Buffer Zone Community Forestry User Group

HDR : Human Development Report

HH : Household

HMG : His Majesty's Government of Nepal

IMF : International Monetary Fund

JICA : Japanese International co-operation Agency

LBMB : Law Books Management Board

LSGA : Local Self-governance Act.

MOFSC : Ministry of Forest and Soil Conservation

MPFS : Master Plan for Forestry Products

NDF : Nepal Development Forum

NGOs : Non-Government Organization.

NPC : National Planning Commission.

NTFPS : Non-Timber Forest Products

PF : Panchayat Forest

PPF : Panchayat Protected Forest

PRSP : Poverty Reduction Strategy Paper

RH : Random House

SAFP : Sagarmatha Agro Forest Project

SAGUN : Strengthened Actions for Governance in Utilization of

Natural Resources

SAPNEPAL : South Asian Partnership, Nepal

SDC : Swiss Agency for International Development and

Cooperation

SIDA : Swedish International Development Agency

SNP : Sagarmatha National Park

SNV : Netherlands Development Agency

TE : The Economist UN : United Nations

. Office rations

UNDP : United Nations Development Program

UNESCAP : United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia

and Pacific.

USAID : United States Agency for International Development

USOM : United States Operations MissionVDC : Village Development Committee

WB : World Bank

WGS : World Governance Survey

WR : World Resources

WWF : World Wild Fund for Nature