ADVERBIAL CLAUSES IN ENGLISH AND NEPALI: A COMPARATIVE STUDY

A Dissertation Submitted to the Central Department of English Language Education, University Campus, Kirtipur, in Partial Fulfillment of the Master's Degree in Education (Specialization in English Language Education)

By

Toya Nath Lamichhane

Faculty of Education Tribhuvan University Kirtipur, Kathmandu, Nepal 2006

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RECOMMENDATION FOR ACCEPTANCE

This is to certify that Mr. Toya Nath Lamichhane has prepared the dissertation entitled "Adverbial Clauses in English and Nepali (A Comparative Study)" under my guidance and supervision.

I recommend the dissertation for acceptance.

Date: 2063/08/18

Mr. Padma Lal Bishwakarma (Guide) Lecturer Department of English Education T.U. Kirtipur

RECOMMENDATION FOR EVALUATION

This dissertation has been recommended for evaluation by the following research guide committee.

Dr. Chandreshwor Mishra, Reader	
Head	
Department of English Education	Chairperson
T.U., Kirtipur	
Dr. Shanti Basnyat	
Professor	
Department of English Education	
Chairperson	Member
English and Other Foreign Languages	
Education Subject Committee	
T.U. Kirtipur	

Mr. Padma Lal Bishwakarma, Guide

Lecturer	
Department of English Education	
T.U. Kirtipur	Member

Date:

EVALUATION AND APPROVAL

This dissertation has been evaluated and approved by the following thesis evaluation committee.

Dr. Shanti Basnyat

Professor Department of English Education Chairperson English and Other Foreign Languages Education Subject Committee T.U. Kirtipur

.....

Member

Dr. Chandrashwor Mishra

Reader and Head Department of English Education T.U., Kirtipur

Chairperson

Mr. Padma Lal Bishwakarma, Guide

Lecturer Department of English Education T.U. Kirtipur

Member

Date: 2063-08-29

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Toya Nath Lamichhane

ABSTRACT

This thesis attempts to analyze the structures and functions of adverbial clauses in the two languages –English and Nepali which are known to the descendents of the same language Sanskrit. Therefore, the research writer has tried to find out the similarities and differences in their structures and functions between these languages.

The method of observation, analysis and interpretation has been applied to make a comparative and contrastive study of the adverbial clauses. For example in order to collect the data, some authentic books have been used both in English and Nepali. Furthermore some articles from Topics in Nepalese Linguistics as regards the adverbial clauses and the converbal clauses have been taken as the sources.

The dissertation consists of four chapters. The first chapter introduces the General background of the importance of English and Nepali languages, and attempts to give the general introduction of sentences, clauses and the adverbial clauses. This chapter also deals with the review of the related literature and the objectives of the study.

The second chapter deals with Methodology of the study. It comprises sources of data, population of the study, the process of data collection and limitation of the study.

The third chapter deals with the analysis of the adverbial clauses in the English and Nepali languages in terms of their structures and functions.

Similarly, the fourth chapter deals with the findings and recommendations. After the comparison and contrast of adverbial clauses, the findings are concluded. The findings of this study has shown that there are many similarities in the structures and functions of adverbial clauses between these two languages. On the contrary, these are also some differences in the structures and functions of the clauses.

References are given at the end of the thesis.

ABBREVIATIONS AND TRANSCRIPTION

TRANSCRIPTION

Vowels:							
अ а	आ aa		इ i		ई ee		
ਤ u	ऊ u:/oo		त्रr ।		ए e		
एै ai	ओ о		औ au	अं am/a		an	अः a:
Consonants:							
ka क	kha ख	ga ग		gha घ		na ङ	
cha च	chh छ	ja ज		jha भ		na স	
Ta ट	Tha ठ	Da ड		Dha ढ		Na ण	
ta त	tha थ	da द		dha ध		na न	
pa प	pha/fa फ	ba ब		bha भ		ma म	
ya य	ra ₹	la ल		wa/va	व	sha श	
<u>s</u> ष	sa स	ha ह		ksha क्ष	r	tra त्र	
gnaज्ञ							

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE THESIS

<u>Converbs</u>	
COMPER comparative	COND conditional
CONSSV concessive	CRMS circumstantial
PUR purposive	REAS reason
SEQ sequential	SIM simultaneous
SPTL spatial	PF perfective
PROG progressive	S subject
V verb	A adverbial C complement

CONTENTS

Recommendation for Acceptance	Page I
Recommendation for Evaluation	II
Evaluation and Approval	III
Acknowledgement	IV
Abstract	V
Transcription and Abbreviation	v VI
CHAPTER ONE: INTRRODUCTION	V I
	1
1. General Background	1
1.1 Language	1
1.2 The Importance of a Language	1
1.3 The Importance of English	2
1.4 The Importance of Nepali	4
1.5 The Importance of Linguistics	4
1.6 An Overview of Some Specific Terms	5
1.6.1 Sentence	5
1.6.1.1 Kinds of Sentence	6
1.6.1.2 Functional Classification of Sentence	6
1.6.1.3 Classification of Sentence in Term of Structural Complexity	7
1.6.2 Clause	9
1.6.2.1 Kinds of Clause	9
1.7 The review of the Literature	9
1.8 General Objectives	11
CHAPTER TWO: METHODOLOGY	
2.1 Sources of Data	12
2.2 Population of the Study	12
2.3 Tools for Data Collection	12
2.4 Process of Data Collection	12
2.5 Limitations	12

CHAPTER THREE: ANALYSIS

3.1 General Background	13
3.2 The Classification of Adverbial Clause	14
3.2.1 Kinds of Adverbial Clauses on the Basis of Function	14
3.2.1.1 Adverbial Clauses of Time	15
3.2.1.2 Adverbial Clauses of Place	16
3.2.1.3 Adverbial Clauses of Reason	17
3.2.1.4 Adverbial Clauses of Purpose	18
3.2.1.5 Adverbial Clauses of Effect or Result	19
3.2.1.6 Adverbial Clauses of Condition	19
3.2.1.7 Adverbial Clauses of Comparison	20
3.2.1.8 Adverbial Clauses of Contrast or Concession	22
3.2.1.9 Adverbial Clauses of Manner	24
3.2.1.10 Adverbial Clauses of Proportion	24
3.2.1.11 Adverbial Clauses of Preference	25
3.3 Kinds Adverbial Clauses on the Basis of Verb	25
3.3.1 Non-finite and Verbless Adverbial Clauses	25
3.3.1.1 Non-finite Clauses	25
3.3.1.2 To-infinitive Clause	27
3.3.1.3 Infinitive without 'to'	27
3.3.1.4 The "-ing" Participle	28
3.3.1.5 The 'ed" Participle	28
3.3.1.6 The Verbless Clauses	29
3.4 Converbal Clauses	31
3.4.1 Kinds of Converbal Clauses	32
3.4.1.1 The Present Participle	32
3.4.1.2 The Perfect Participle or The Having +ed Form	32
3.5 Converbs in Nepali	33
3.5.1 Types of Converbs	33
3.5.2 Pure or Basic Converbs	33
3.5.2.1 The Pure Conditional Converbs	34
3.5.2.2 The Pure Sequential Converbs	34
3.5.2.3 The Pure Simultaneous Converbs	36
3.5.2.4 The Pure Purposive Converbs	37

3.5.2.5 The Pure Purposive Converbs	38
3.6 Complex Converbs	38
3.6.1 The Complex Simultaneous Converb	39
3.6.2 The Complex Sequential Converb	39
3.7 Derivative Converbs	39
3.7.1 Temporal Converb	41
3.7.2 Sequential Converb	42
3.7.3 Conditional Converb	42
3.7.4 Oppositive or Contrastive Converb	43
3.7.5 Causal or Reason Converb	44
3.7.6 Purposive Converb	44
3.7.7 Simultaneous or Circumstantial Converb	45
3.7.8 Converbal Clauses of Manner	46
3.7.9 Quantitative Converbal Clauses	47
3.7.10 Comparative Converbal Clauses	47
CHAPTER FOUR: FINDINGS and RECOMMENDATIONS	
4.1 Background	48
4.2 Findings	48
4.2.1 Similarities in Adverbial Clauses	48
4.2.2 Differences in Adverbial Clauses	50
4.2.3 The Areas of Difficulties	52
4.3 Recommendations	53

REFERENCES