LISTENING COMPREHENSION ABILITY OF THE PCL STUDENTS BASED ON IELTS

A Thesis Submitted to the Department of English Education in Partial Fulfillment for the Master's Degree in Education (Specialization in English Education)

By Paras Banjade

Faculty of Education Tribhuvan University Kirtipur, Katmandu, Nepal 2008

LISTENING COMPREHENSION ABILITY OF THE PCL STUDENTS BASED ON IELTS

A Thesis Submitted to the Department of English Education in Partial Fulfillment for the Master's Degree in Education (Specialization in English Education)

By

Paras Banjade

Faculty of Education Tribhuvan University Kirtipur, Katmandu, Nepal 2008

T.U.Regd.No.9-2-29-724-99 Exam Roll No.280289/061 Campus Roll No.152/059 Date of Approval of the Thesis Proposal: 2064/06/02 Date of Submission of the Thesis: 2065/03/18

RECOMMENDATION FOR ACCEPTANCE

This is to certify that **Mr. Paras Banjade** has prepared the thesis entitled "Listening Comprehension Ability of the PCL Students Based on IELTS" under my guidance and supervision. I recommend this thesis for acceptance.

Date: 2065/03/18

•••••

Dr.Shanti Basnyat (Guide)

Professor, Department of English Education, Tribhuvan University, Kirtipur, Kathmandu, Nepal.

RECOMMENDATION FOR EVALUATION

This thesis has been recommended for evaluation by the following **Research Guidance Committee.**

Dr. Chandreshwar Mishra Reader and Head, Department of English Education, Tribhuvan University, Kirtipur, Kathmandu, Nepal.

Dr. Shanti Basnyat (Guide) Professor, Department of English Education, Tribhuvan University, Kirtipur, Kathmandu, Nepal

Shraswati Dawadi

Asst. Lecturer, Depart of English Education, Tribhuvan University, Kirtipur, Kathmandu, Nepal.

Date: 2065/03/19

Chairperson

Member

Member

V

EVALUATION AND APPROVAL

This thesis has been evaluated and approved by the following **Research Evaluation Committee.**

Dr. Chandreshwar Mishra

Reader and Head, Department of English Education, Tribhuvan University, Kirtipur, Kathmandu, Nepal.

Dr. Shanti Basnyat (Guide)

Professor, Department of English Education, Tribhuvan University, Kirtipur, Kathmandu, Nepal.

Dr. Jai Raj Awasthi

Professor, Department of English Education, And Chairperson of English and Other Foreign Languages, Education Subject Committee, Tribhuvan University, Kirtipur, Kathmandu, Nepal.

Date: 2065/03/22

Chairperson

Member

Member

DEDICATION

TO MY PARENTS

AND

ELDER BROTHER LATE RAJENDRA PRASAD BANJADE

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

First of all, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to my supervisor **Dr. Shanti Basnyat**, Professor, Department of English Education, T.U. Kirtipur, Kathmandu, for her constant guidance, insightful comments, inspiring encouragement, co-operation, and valuable suggestions from the very beginning.

My sincere gratitude goes to **Prof. Dr. Jai Raj Awasthi**, Chair Person, English and Other Foreign Languages, Education Subject Committee and **Dr. Chandershwar Mishra**, Head, Department of English Education for their help and suggestions while writing this thesis.

At this moment, my heartfelt gratitude goes to **Prof .Dr. Shishir Kumar Sthapit**, the retired professor of the Department of English Education, **Prof. Dr. Tirtha Raj Khaniya, Prof. Dr. Govinda Raj Bhattarai, Dr. Anjana Bhattarai, Dr. Balmukunda Bhandari** and other members of the Department for their direct or indirect support, encouragement and continuous inspiration during my study period in the Department.

Similarly, my informants of selected colleges of Katmandu valley also deserve my special thanks as they were directly involved with providing me data.

I would like to thank all my colleagues and well wishers for their support of different kinds. Similarly, I would like to thank all the English teachers of the selected Campuses for their kind co-operation.

Last but not the least, I would like to thank **Mrs. Madhavi Khanal**, my friend **Anil Dutt Chaudhary**, my own brother **Debendra Prasad Banjade** and sister **Sita Banjade** for their help from various prospectives in course of this thesis writing.

Date: July 2,2008

Paras Banjade

ABSTRACT

This Thesis attempts to present the Listening Comprehension Ability of the PCL First Year Students Based on IELTS Test Materials. For this study, 120 students from four different faculties who are studying in PCL first year of Katmandu Valley were selected for collecting the relevant data.

To carry out this research work both Primary and Secondary sources of data were used. After preparing the research tools, the researcher had carried out the pilot study to find out the difficulty level of the test items. The test items were readymade because the researcher used IELTS Practice book as an authentic material to collect the data. After preparing the test materials, the researcher visited the selected campuses in Katmandu valley. Then he explained the main objectives of his study to the concerned informants as to why he wanted to administer the test to them. Then he informed the informants that the recorded materials would be played only once as it happens in IELTS listening proficiency. Before the recorded material was played students were asked to go through question number one to ten. After that, test items were distributed one after another and their answer sheets were collected one after another and other sheets of test materials were given to them. The same process was followed to the rest of the test. Having collected the data, they were analyzed systematically and the findings were drawn. It was found that the average proficiency of the PCL students have been found to be 47.41 percentage, i.e. 5 band levels according to the IELTS Band score. This is below the band level generally accepted at the International Level. So, their proficiency is not satisfactory.

This study consists of four chapters, Introduction, Methodology, Analysis and Interpretation, Findings and Recommendations.

The first chapter consists of general background, listening situation in Nepalese context, language learning, how is listing unique, techniques for testing listening, language teaching and language testing, IELTS and its rationale, importance of IELTS and what makes listening easy or difficult.

Chapter two deals with the methodology, sources of data: primary and secondary sources of data, population, sampling population and sampling procedure, tools for the study, the process of data collection and limitations of the study.

Chapter three deals with the analysis and interpretations of the data. This consists of proficiency in listening comprehension of the students as a whole, proficiency in listening comprehension ability on the basis of faculty, sex, and nature of text.

Chapter four discusses the findings of the study. On the basis of its findings, some recommendations are drawn and some pedagogical implications are made.

In the final section of the study, the references and appendices are included.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Contents	Page No.	
RECOMMENDATION FOR ACCEPTANCE	Ι	
RECOMMENDATION FOR EVALUATION	II	
EVALUATION AND APPROVAL	III	
DEDICATION	IV	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	V	
ABSTRACT	VII	
TALBLE OF COTENTS	IX	
ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS	XII	

CHAPTER – ONE: INTRODUCTION

1.1. General Background	1
1.1.1 Listening in Nepalese Context	2
1.1.2 What is Language Learning?	3
1.1.3 What is listening?	4
1.1.4 How is Listening Unique?	6
1.1.5 An Overview of Listening Comprehension	7
1.1.6 Language Teaching and Language Testing	8

1.1.7 Techniques for Testing Listening	9
1.1.8 What Makes Listening Easy or Difficult?	14
1.1.9 IELTS and Its Rationale	16
1.1.10 Importance of IELTS	17
1.2 Literature Review	20
1.3 Objectives of the Study	
1.4 Significance of the Study	

CHAPTER - TWO: METHODOLOGY

2.1 Sources of Data				
2.1.1 Primary Sources of Data	24			
2.1.2 Secondary Sources of Data	24			
2.2 Population of the Study	24			
2.3 Sample Population and Sampling Procedure	24			
2.4 Tools for the Study	25			
2.5 The Process of the Data Collection				
2.6 Limitations of the Study				
CHAPTER - THREE: ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATIO)N			
3.1 Proficiency in Listening Comprehension of Students as a Whole				
	29			
3.2 Holistic PLC of Students of Streams under Study	29			

3.3 Sex - wise Comparison of PLC as a Whole3		
3.4 Faculty Wise Comparison of PLC of Students in term of Nature of Types	f Text 31	
3.5 Comparison of PLC of Students in Faculties in terms of Sex as a V	Whole 33	
3.6 Individual Stream -wise PLC of Students	35	
3.6.1 PLC of Students of Faculty of Education.	35	
3.6.2 PLC of Students of Faculty of Management	36	
3.6.3 PLC of students of Faculty of Science and Technology	36	
3.6.4 PLC of Students of Faculty of Humanities and Social Scier	nces 36	
CHAPTER - FOUR: FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIO	DNS	
4.1. Findings	38	
4.2. Recommendations	39	
REFERENCES	41	
APPENDICES	43	
APPENDIX-I (Tape scripts of Test Items)		
APPENDIX-II (Names of the Campuses Selected for the Study)		
APPENDIX-III (Names of the Informants Involved in the Study)		
APPENDIX-IV (Marks Obtained by the Informants in Terms of Varia	ubles)	
APPENDIX – V (Test Items)		

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

=	International English Language Testing System.
=	Test of English as a Foreign Language.
=	Proficiency Certificate Level.
=	Proficiency in Listening Comprehension.
=	National Education System Plan.
=	Short Term Memory.
=	Long Term Memory.
=	Nepal English Language Teacher's Association
=	Sum of.
=	Frequency of Occurrence.
=	Score in a Distribution.
=	Number of Score.
=	Full Marks
=	Frequency of Correct Responses.
=	School Leaving Certificate