# ANALYTICAL SENTINEL SURVEY OF LYMPHATIC FILARIASIS AND PREVALENCE OF VECTORS IN DARAUNE POKHARI DAPCHA VDC OF KABRE DISTRICT, NEPAL.



A Thesis

Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Master's Degree in Zoology with Special Paper Parasitology

<u>To</u>

Central Department of Zoology Institute of Science and Technology Tribhuvan University, Kirtipur Kathmandu, Nepal



Bhim Bahadur Dahal Exam Roll No. 1174 2007

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Central Department of Zoology Institute of Science and Technology Tribhuvan University, Kirtipur Kathmandu, Nepal

> <u>By</u> Bhim Bahadur Dahal 2007

### RECOMMENDATION

This is to recommend that the dissertation entitled "Analytical Sentinel Survey of Lymphatic Filariasis and Prevalence of Vectors in Daraune Pokhari Dapcha VDC of Kabre District, Nepal." has been carried out by Mr. Bhim Bahadur Dahal for the partial fulfillment of M.Sc. degree of Science in Zoology with special paper Parasitology under my supervision. To the best of my knowledge, this dissertation work has not been submitted for any other degree.

Date\_\_\_\_\_

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### **LETTER OF APPROVAL**

On the recommendation of the supervisor, Dr. Ranjana Gupta, this thesis submitted by Mr. Bhim Bahadur Dahal entitled "Analytical Sentinel Survey of Lymphatic Filariasis and Prevalence of Vectors in Daraune Pokhari Dapcha VDC of Kabre District, Nepal." is approved for examination and submitted to the Tribhuvan University in partial fulfillment of the requirements for Master's Degree of Science in Zoology with Parasitology as a special paper.

Date\_\_\_\_\_

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### APPROVAL

This dissertation work submitted by Mr. Bhim Bahadur Dahal entitled "Analytical Sentinel Survey of Lymphatic Filariasis and Prevalence of Vectors in Daraune Pokhari Dapcha VDC of Kabre District, Nepal." has been approved as a partial fulfillment of requirements for the Master's Degree of Science in Zoology with Parasitology as a special paper.

## **EVALUATION COMMITTEE**

Head of Department

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Date of Examination \_\_\_\_\_

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I proudly indebted to my honourable supervisor Associate Professor **DR. RANJANA GUPTA** for her abiding interest, benevolent co-operation, precious guidance and valuable suggestions to bring this dissertation into this complete structure without which it would not be possible. She, besides her busy life, shared her valuable time by providing assistance in every steps, throughout the collection period, laboratory work, providing laboratory facilities and spent many hours in my dissertation work.

The generous efforts and humble guidance bestowed by **Dr. Ishan Gautam** from **NAST** in identification of vectors and other valuable suggestions are worthless and invaluable to be honoured. I am also grateful to **NAST** for providing dissertation grant.

I would like to extend my sincere gratitude to the head of Central Department of Zoology for different facilities provided and all other teachers of Zoology Department for their valuable suggestions.

I would also like to thank all the staffs of "**Primary Health Care Centre, Dapcha VDC of Kabre**" for their intense help during night blood collection and owner of the house who provided shelter during the field survey. My special thanks goes to **Mr. Ashok Bahadur Bam** for his great support during the correction works.

It would be injustice if I forget to give heartfelt thanks to Mr. Satish Chandra Jha, Mr. Janak Raj Subedi, Mr. Pitambar Dhakal, and my sisters Miss Reena Byanju and Miss Hari Gurung and my friends Mr. Raghu Nath Pyakurel, Mr. Shiva Pd. Chamlagai, Miss Bharatee Gurung, Miss Prajeeta Chapagain, Mr. Narayan Khadka, Mr. Bissu Pokhrel and all the other friends for their direct and indirect supportive hands and encouragement until the completion of this dissertation work.

I would like to thank **Mr. Bhola Maharjan** for his help during the computer work. Last but not the least, I would like to express my deepest gratitude to my respectable parents and my dearest brother **Mr. Dhan Bahadur Dahal** without whose support, I would not have been able to complete this work and achieve the present academic position.

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#### ABSTRACT

Wuchereria bancrofti is a filarial nematode parasite that causes lymphatic filariasis in endemic zones of tropical and subtropical regions causing permanent and long term disability. It is the second major health problem in the world and is endemic in 60 of 75 districts of Nepal. The recent study was conducted from 28<sup>th</sup> December 2006 to 15<sup>th</sup> September 2007 in Daraune Pokhari, Dapcha VDC of Kabre District. A total of 500 night blood samples were collected from the earlobes of the respondents. Mass orientation program was conducted to make the respondents aware about the study. After filling the questionnaires to take information regarding physical, social and environmental status of the respondents night blood sample collection Microscopical examination revealed was done. 52/500 (10.40%)microfilarial positive cases. Regarding age and sex-wise distribution, the highest percentage of infection was noted in age group 41-50 years (22.22%) in males and 61-70 years (16.66%) females and female were highly infected than males with the ratio of 6:7 where 80 males out of 100 females were infected. The crude disease rate was reported to be 3.20% and total endemicity rate was 68/500 (13.60%). On the other hand out of 500 specimens of mosquito collected from 6 household by indoor and outdoor hand collection and dry preservation indicated that 7/500 (1.40%) were the main vector of Lymphatic filariasis i.e. Culex quinquefasciatus indicating the prevalence of vector in the study site. The main reason behind this rate of prevalence of vector and Lf were lack of awareness regarding the vector and mode of transmission, illiteracy, occupation, insanitary environment condition, favourable breeding habit, carelessness and sleeping habits. Thus, people should be made familiar to Lf by organizing awareness programs through mass media, radio, television etc. to prevent the spread of disease and make them alert.

# CONTENTS

I. INTRODUCTION	
Significance of the Study	5
	-
II. OBJECTIVES	7
General Objective	7
Specific Objectives	7
Objective Rational	7
III. LITERATURE REVIEW	8-24
3.1 Research in filarial cases and its vector in Global Context	8
3.2 Recent Study on Lymphatic Filariasis and its Vector	10
3.3 Study of Filariasis and its Vector in Nepal	19
3.3.1 Research on Vectors in Nepal	19
3.3.2 Research on Disease Filariasis in Nepal	20
IV. MATERIALS AND METHODS	25-34
IV. MATERIALS AND METHODS 4.1 Study Area	<b>25-34</b> 25
IV. MATERIALS AND METHODS 4.1 Study Area 4.2 Population Surveyed	<b>25-34</b> 25 27
IV. MATERIALS AND METHODS 4.1 Study Area 4.2 Population Surveyed 4.3. Study Design	<b>25-34</b> 25 27 27
<ul> <li>IV. MATERIALS AND METHODS</li> <li>4.1 Study Area</li> <li>4.2 Population Surveyed</li> <li>4.3. Study Design</li> <li>4.4.Laboratory Materials and Chemicals</li> </ul>	<b>25-34</b> 25 27 27 28
<ul> <li>IV. MATERIALS AND METHODS</li> <li>4.1 Study Area</li> <li>4.2 Population Surveyed</li> <li>4.3. Study Design</li> <li>4.4.Laboratory Materials and Chemicals</li> <li>4.4.1. Laboratory Materials</li> </ul>	25-34 25 27 27 28 28
IV. MATERIALS AND METHODS 4.1 Study Area 4.2 Population Surveyed 4.3. Study Design 4.4.Laboratory Materials and Chemicals 4.4.1. Laboratory Materials 4.4.2. Chemicals	25-34 25 27 27 28 28 28 28
IV. MATERIALS AND METHODS 4.1 Study Area 4.2 Population Surveyed 4.3. Study Design 4.4.Laboratory Materials and Chemicals 4.4.1. Laboratory Materials 4.4.2. Chemicals 4.5 Sampling Techniques and sample size	25-34 25 27 27 28 28 28 28 28 28
<ul> <li>IV. MATERIALS AND METHODS</li> <li>4.1 Study Area</li> <li>4.2 Population Surveyed</li> <li>4.3. Study Design</li> <li>4.4.Laboratory Materials and Chemicals</li> <li>4.4.1. Laboratory Materials</li> <li>4.4.2. Chemicals</li> <li>4.5 Sampling Techniques and sample size</li> <li>4.5.1 Mass Orientation Programme</li> </ul>	25-34 25 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 29
<ul> <li>IV. MATERIALS AND METHODS</li> <li>4.1 Study Area</li> <li>4.2 Population Surveyed</li> <li>4.3. Study Design</li> <li>4.4.Laboratory Materials and Chemicals</li> <li>4.4.1. Laboratory Materials</li> <li>4.4.2. Chemicals</li> <li>4.5 Sampling Techniques and sample size</li> <li>4.5.1 Mass Orientation Programme</li> <li>4.5.2 Questionnaire</li> </ul>	25-34 25 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 29 30
<ul> <li>IV. MATERIALS AND METHODS</li> <li>4.1 Study Area</li> <li>4.2 Population Surveyed</li> <li>4.3. Study Design</li> <li>4.4.Laboratory Materials and Chemicals</li> <li>4.4.1. Laboratory Materials</li> <li>4.4.2. Chemicals</li> <li>4.5 Sampling Techniques and sample size</li> <li>4.5.1 Mass Orientation Programme</li> <li>4.5.2 Questionnaire</li> <li>4.5.3 Human Blood Sampling</li> </ul>	25-34 25 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 29 30 30
<ul> <li>IV. MATERIALS AND METHODS</li> <li>4.1 Study Area</li> <li>4.2 Population Surveyed</li> <li>4.3. Study Design</li> <li>4.4.Laboratory Materials and Chemicals</li> <li>4.4.1. Laboratory Materials</li> <li>4.4.2. Chemicals</li> <li>4.5 Sampling Techniques and sample size</li> <li>4.5.1 Mass Orientation Programme</li> <li>4.5.2 Questionnaire</li> <li>4.5.3 Human Blood Sampling</li> <li>4.5.3.1 Procedure for Blood Sample Collection</li> </ul>	25-34 25 27 28 28 28 28 28 29 30 30 30
<ul> <li>IV. MATERIALS AND METHODS</li> <li>4.1 Study Area</li> <li>4.2 Population Surveyed</li> <li>4.3. Study Design</li> <li>4.4.Laboratory Materials and Chemicals</li> <li>4.4.1. Laboratory Materials</li> <li>4.4.2. Chemicals</li> <li>4.5.2 Chemicals</li> <li>4.5.1 Mass Orientation Programme</li> <li>4.5.2 Questionnaire</li> <li>4.5.3 Human Blood Sampling</li> <li>4.5.3.1 Procedure for Blood Sample Collection</li> <li>4.5.3.2 The blood slide preparation</li> </ul>	25-34 25 27 28 28 28 28 28 29 30 30 30 30
<ul> <li>IV. MATERIALS AND METHODS</li> <li>4.1 Study Area</li> <li>4.2 Population Surveyed</li> <li>4.3. Study Design</li> <li>4.4.Laboratory Materials and Chemicals</li> <li>4.4.1. Laboratory Materials</li> <li>4.4.2. Chemicals</li> <li>4.5.2 Chemicals</li> <li>4.5 Sampling Techniques and sample size</li> <li>4.5.1 Mass Orientation Programme</li> <li>4.5.2 Questionnaire</li> <li>4.5.3 Human Blood Sampling</li> <li>4.5.3.1 Procedure for Blood Sample Collection</li> <li>4.5.3.2 The blood slide preparation</li> <li>4.5.4 Collection, Killing, Fixing and Preservation of Vector</li> </ul>	25-34 25 27 28 28 28 28 28 29 30 30 30 30 30 30

4.5.4.2 Killing	32
4.5.4.3 Fixing	32
4.5.4.4 Preservation	33
4.5.4.5 Observation	33
4.6 Data Processing and Analysis	34
4.7 Validity and Reliability of the Study	34

# V. RESULTS

#### 35-48

5.1 General Prevalence of Microfilariaemia	35
5.2 Sex-Wise Prevalence of Microfilariaemia	36
5.3 Age-Wise Prevalence of Microfilariaemia	37
5.4 Age and Sex Wise Distribution of Microfilariaemia	38
5.5 Education Wise Distribution of Microfilariaemia	39
5.6 Occupation Wise Distribution of Microfilariaemia	40
5.7 Clinically Manifested Cases in Relation to Age and Sex	41
5.8 Total Endemicity Rate of Lymphatic Filariasis	42
5.9 Sex Wise Endemicity Rate of Filariasis	43
5.10 Age Wise Endemicity rate of Lymphatic Filariasis	44
5.11 Practice of Respondents towards Filariasis and Prevalence of	
Microfilarial Parasites	45
5.12 Knowledge of Respondents towards Filariasis and Prevalence	47
5.13 Prevalence of Vectors from the Study Site	48
VI. DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION	49-52
VII. RECOMMENDATIONS	53-54
REFERENCES	55-67

ANNEXES

# LIST OF TABLES

Tables		Page No.
1:	National and Region-wise Number of Filarial cases in Nepal Fiscal	
	Year 1995/96 to 2005/06	24
2: Distribution of filarial cases according to the geography of Ne		•
	Fiscal Year 2005/06	24
3:	Sex-Wise distribution of microfilariaemia	36
4:	Age-Wise prevalence of microfilariaemia	37
5:	Age and Sex Wise Distribution of Microfilariaemia	38
6:	Education wise distribution of microfilariaemia	39
7:	Occupation wise distribution of microfilariaemia	40
8:	Clinical features in relation to age and sex	41
9:	Total endemicity rate of lymphatic filariasis	42
10:	Sex wise endemicity rate of lymphatic filariasis	43
11:	Age wise endemicity rate of lymphatic filariasis	44
12:	Practice of respondents towards filariasis and prevalence of	
	microfilarial parasites	46
13:	Knowledge of respondents towards filariasis and prevalence of	
	microfilarial parasites	47
14:	Prevalence of Vectors from the Study Site	48

# LIST OF FIGURES AND MAPS

Figures		Page No.
1:	Sex-Wise distribution of microfilariaemia	36
2:	Age-Wise prevalence of microfilariaemia	37
3:	Age and Sex Wise Distribution of Microfilariaemia	38
4:	Education wise distribution of microfilariaemia	39
5:	Occupation wise distribution of microfilariaemia	40
6:	Total endemicity rate of lymphatic filariasis	42
7:	Sex wise endemicity rate of lymphatic filariasis	43
8:	Age wise endemicity rate of lymphatic filariasis	44
9:	: Knowledge of respondents towards filariasis and prevalence of microfilarial	
	parasites	47

## Maps

- ✤ Map of Kabre District showing the VDC under Present Study
- ✤ Map showing the Updated LF Distribution Mapping
- ✤ Map of Daraune Pokhari, Dapcha VDC of Kabre District

### LIST OF PHOTOGRAPHS AND PICTORIALS

### PLATES

- I. a. Daraune Pokhari in the study area from the North.
  - b. Bushy & insanitary environmental condition around the study area.
  - c. Daraune Pokhari from the West a favourable place for vector to breed.
  - d. Study team with researcher at the sub-health post.
  - e. Questionnaire survey with respondents and thesis guide at the right.
  - f. Mass awareness programe in the study area.
  - g. An Elephantiasis of a left leg filarial patient.
  - h. Highly infected legs of filarial victim with secondary infection.
  - i. Collection of night blood sample
  - j. Fixing of blood smears with methanol stain.
  - k. Microphotography of microfilariae
  - 1. Microfilaria of Wuchereria bancrofti (100X objectives)
  - m. Paper cups containing mosquitoes
  - n. Observation of mosquitoes
- **II.** Plate 1: A unfed female *Culex quinquefasciatus* 
  - Plate 2: The bloodfed female Culex quinquefasciatus

Plate 3: A male Culex quinquefasciatus

Plate 4: Anterior part of the male *Culex quinquefasciatus* showing the large palps and hairy antennae. (A typical feature of male mosquitoes)Plate 5: Lateral part of female *Culex* mosquito showing abdominal tergaPlate 6: Female *Culex* mosquito showing scutal integument and wings

## PICTORIALS

III. Figure a Figure b Figure c Figure d Figure e Figure f

# List of Acronyms

ADL	: Adenolymphagitis
Alb	: Albendazole
APOC	: African Program for Onchocerciasis
CBS	: Central Bureau of Statistics
CDR	: Crude Disease Rate
CFA	: Circulating Filarial Antigens
DEC	: Diethylcarbamazinc Citrate
DHS	: Department of Health Services
DNA	: Deoxyribonucleic acid
DoHS	: Department of Health Services
EDCD	: Epidemiology and Disease Control Division
ELISA	: Enzyme Linked Immunosorbant Assay
ER	: Endemicity Rate
FILDEC	: Filarial Diethylcarbamazinc Citrate
HMG	: His Majesty's Government
ICT	: Immunochromatographic Test
LF	: Lymphatic Filariasis
LFE	: Lymphatic Filariasis Eradication
MDA	: Mass Drug Administration
MF	: Microfilaria
MoHP	: Ministry of Health and Population

NMF	: Nucleopore Membrane Filtration
NPA	: National Plan of Action
NTF-ELF	: National Task Force for the Elimination of
	Lymphatic Filariasis
OCP	: Onchocerciasis Control Programme
PARASED	: Parasitological Research and Socioeconomic
	Development, Nepal
PCR	: Polymerase Chain Reaction
PELF	: Program to Eliminate Lymphatic Filariasis
TBF	: Thick Blood Film
VDBCRT	: Vector Borne Disease Research and Training
	Centre
VDC	: Village Development Committee
WHO	: World Health Organization