# TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY LIVELIHOOD STRATEGY AND OCCUPATIONAL VULNERABILITY OF STREET ICE CREAM VENDORS IN KATHMANDU VALLEY

#### **A DISSERTATION**

Submitted to Central Department of Geography, Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for Masters' Degree in Geography

BY

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## TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES CENTRAL DEPARTMENT OF GEOGRAPHY

### LIVELIHOOD STRATEGY AND OCCUPATIONAL VULNERABILITY OF STREET ICE-CREAM VENDORS OF KATHMANDU VALLEY

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Abstract: Urban centers are dynamic in nature for different activities such as business and exchanges. Earning livelihood by street ice-cream vending in urban Kathmandu is also a business for a group of people. This study examines the livelihood strategy and assets, socioeconomic background, migration status, working condition and occupational vulnerability of street ice-cream vendors (SICVs) in Kathmnadu valley. The analysis is primarily based on survey of 42 such vendors in three different area of the valley namely Jawalakhel, Ratna park and Balaju. Finding suggest that this occupation is male dominant and they are quite young energetic and hard working. They are from variety of caste ethnic backgrounds, illiterate and have poor educational status. Overwhelming majority is migrant. They are from different part of the country. There is no single factor explanation from immigration of SICV to Kathmandu. Multitude of economic, social secure, landless as well as personal factors have collectively resulted into their move to Kathmandu. The enrollment of children in school and quite better livelihood then previous one is there overall satisfaction by this occupation. Less investment, easy access to money, easy to handle and feeling freedom are the major tenants to adopt this occupation. Despite all these they are facing personal as well as occupational risks. While personal and individual risk may have to be addressed at the personal level, the occupational risk and vulnerabilities such as seasonality on occupation, authorities behavior, space restriction and place specific characteristics and occupational un-sustainability are the vulnerable aspects. Likewise, they also feel this work as non-prestigious occupation (despite good income on a daily basis) and social behavior are more potential aspect of their occupation. This study also found that urbanization provides opportunity for various kinds of activities to earn livelihood who do not have his/her own space or structure to carryout economic activities.

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#### **ACRONYMS**

CBS : Central Bureau of Statistics

CEDA : Centre for Economic Development and Administration

CNAS : Centre for Nepal and Asian Studies

DFID : Department of International Development

FAO : Food and Agricultural Organization

FGD : Focus Group Discussion

GIS : Geographic Information System
Go : Government Organization

HHs : Households

HLS : Household Livelihood Security
HMG : His Majesty Government/Nepal

INGO : International Non-Government Organization

KMC : Kathmandu Metropolitan City

NCCR : National Centre of Competence in Research

NGO : Non-Government Organization
NPC : National Planning Commission

NR-base : Natural Resource Base

Rs. : Rupees

SL : Sustainable Livelihood

SPSS : Statistical Programme for Social Science

UN : United Nation

UNDP : United Nation Development Programme

TU : Tribhuvan University

CDG : Central Department of Geography

MA : Master's of Arts

VDC : Village Development Committee HDI : Human Development Index

B.A : Bachelor of Arts

A.M : Between Midnight and mid day (from Latin-ante

Meridiem)

P.M : After Mid day (from Latin-post Meridiem)

SLA : Sustainable Livelihood Approach
SRL : Sustainable Rural Livelihood

TUCL : Tribhuvan University Centre Library

ICVs : Ice-cream Vendors
SICV : Street Ice-cream Vendors

IRDP Integrated Rural Development Programme