Prospects and Challenges of Community Mobilization through Tole Lane Organizations (TLOs)

(A case study of Bhimeshwor Municipality, Dolakha)

A Thesis

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By

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Acceptance Letter

This is to certify that the Project paper entitled "Prospects and Challenges of Community Mobilization through TLO (A case study of Bhimeshwor Municipality)" has been prepared and submitted by Ms. Sita Devi Subedi, under my full guidance and supervision for partial fulfillment of the requirement for the Master Degree of Rural Development from Department of Rural Development of Tribhuvan University Kirtipur is here by accepted.

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ABSTRACT

The title of the study is "Prospects and Challenges of Community Mobilization through TLOs, A case study of Bhimeshwor Municipality". Total number of households in this municipality is 4521 with the population of 24492 (CBS, 2001) and 13 wards. Out of 4521 households (HHs), 577 households (HHs) are selected for study which is enclosed by TLOs. TLOs in the settlement are constituted by concerned municipals with a minimum 20 to maximum 92 household. In this context the households of the TLO is also drawn by the method that there should be at least one TLO in each ward. In Bhimeshwor, there are 13 wards and there are equal numbers of TLOs in each ward at present.

The major objective of the study is focused on prospects and challenges of community mobilization through TLOs, to analyze the TLOs in the current situation and the economic impact of Bhimeshwor Municipality. To achieve the research objectives 13 TLOs are selected and total number of respondents has been taken for the purpose of find out the prospects and challenges and current status of TLOs. These data were gathered by using different questionnaire, observation, group discussion, TLOs related office records, other relevant literatures were also reviewed, and key informants interview and various published/unpublished materials and websites.

This selected area of community is tremendously back then other area. In these preferred places of municipality mostly vulnerable groups - dalits, ethnic minorities lower & occupational castes and indigenous groups are settled; are previously known as absolute poor. So, this program is very important and fruitful for them. The respondents find out some Prospects & Challenges of this program.

The study recommended that the municipality must provide seed grant, occupational training, extension program etc. should be conducted for respondents. Similarly, different I/NGOs should help for this task. Not only that respondent should also attend full time in meeting and must participate in community mobilization activities.

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATION

ADB = Asian Development Bank

BMP = Bhimeshwor Municipality

BOVO = Build Our Village Ourselves

CBO = Community Base Organization

EDP = Enterprise Development Plan

GBB = Grameen Bikash Bank

GoN = Government of Nepal

GUGSA = Good Urban Governance in South Asia

HH = House Hold

HRDC = Human Resource Development Centre

IDP = Internally Displaced Person

LSGA = Local Self Governance Act

MHPP = Ministry of Housing and Physical Planning

MLD = Ministry of Local Development

MPPW = Ministry of Physical Planning & Works

NGO = National Government Organization

NPC = National Planning Commission

PCRW = Production Credit for Rural Women Program

PDC = Partnership Development Committee

PDDP = Participatory District Development Programme

PMDP = Participatory Municipal Development Planning

RUPP = Rural-Urban Partnership Programme

SBS = Self-help Banking System

SCDP = Sustainable Community Development Programme

SFCL = Small Farmer's Cooperative Limited

SFDP = Small Farmer Development Programme

TDP = Tole Development Plan

TLO = Tole Lane Organization

UBLD = Urban Based Local Development

UDLE = Urban Development through Local Efforts

UN = United Nation

UNCHS = United Nations Centers for Human Settlements

UNDP = United Nations Development Programme

VDC = Village Development Committee

VDSP = Village Development and Self-help Programme