

**THE ROLE OF NEPAL ARMY IN THE UNITED NATIONS
PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS
1958-2009**

A Dissertation

**Submitted to the Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences of
Tribhuvan University in Fulfillment of the Requirements for the
Degree of DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY**

in

POLITICAL SCIENCE

By

**Asha Bahadur Tamang
T.U. Reg. No.:1766-86
Ph.D.Roll No.:34/2060, Magh
September, 2010**

LETTER OF RECOMMENDATION

We hereby recommend that this dissertation entitled "**The Role of Nepal Army in the United Nations Peacekeeping Operations 1958-2009**", presented by Mr. Asha Bahadur Tamang under our supervision be accepted by the Research Committee for the final examination in the fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY in political Science.

Dissertation Committee

Prof. Jitendra Dhoj Khand, Ph.D.

Supervisor

Associate Prof. Rabindra Khanal, Ph.D.

Expert

Date: September , 2010

APPROVAL LETTER

This dissertation entitled "**The Role of Nepal Army in the United Nations Peacekeeping Operations 1958-2009**" was submitted by Mr. Asha Bahadur Tamang for final examination to the Research Committee of the Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences, Tribhuvan University, in fulfillment of the requirements for the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy in English. I hereby certify that the Research Committee of this Faculty has found the dissertation Satisfactory in scope and quality and has therefore accepted for the Degree.

Prof. Nav Raj Kanel, Ph.D.

Dean and Chairman, Research Committee

Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences

Tribhuvan University, Kirtipur, Nepal

Date:

DECLARATION

I hereby declare that this Ph.D. dissertation entitled "**THE ROLE OF NEPAL ARMY IN THE UNITED NATIONS PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS 1958-2009**" submitted by me to the Office of the Dean, Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences, Tribhuvan University (TU), is an entirely original work prepared under the supervision of my supervisor. I have made due acknowledgements to all ideas and information borrowed from different sources in the course of writing this dissertation. The results presented in this dissertation have not ever been presented or submitted anywhere else for the award of any degree or for any other purposes. No part of contents of this dissertation has ever been published in the form or apart of any book. I am solely responsible if any evidence is found against my declaration.

Asha Bahadur Tamang

Parewadanda VDC Word No. 8 Lamjung

T.U. Reg. N.:1766-86

Ph.D.Reg. No.:34/2060, Magh

Date:

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This dissertation is the product of collective efforts of several people. The dissertation has been completed under the supervision of Dr. Jitendra Dhoj Khand, Professor at the Central Department of Political Science, Tribhuvan University, Kirtipur. His constant encouragement, direction, suggestion and warm affection have enabled me to complete this dissertation. I would like to extend my special thanks to him for his sound and humble guidance as supervisor throughout the research period. I would like to express my sincere gratitude to the expert of my study Dr. Rabindra Khanal, Associate Professor, the Central Department of Political Science, Tribhuvan University, Kirtipur, for his enormous and continuous support and insightful suggestions to bring this dissertation to its present state.

I would like to extend my heartfelt thanks to Prof. Dr. Sushil Raj Pandey, Head of the Central Department of Political Science, Tribhuvan University, Kirtipur for his valuable suggestions and inspiration. I am grateful to Prof. Dr. Nav Raj Kanel, Dean of Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences of Tribhuvan University and Dr. Tara Kant Pandey, Assistant Dean of Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences of Tribhuvan University for their valuable suggestions. I must express deep sense of gratitude to Dr. Dan Raj Regmi, Associate Professor and Head of the Central Department of Linguistics, Tribhuvan University, Kirtipur for his help in the preparation of this dissertation. I am grateful to Prof. Dr. Pannakaji Amatya, Prof. Dr. Ram Kumar Dahal, Prof. Dr. Jaya Raj Acharya, Prof. Dr. Meena Vaidya Malla, Prof. Dr. Shishir Subba, Dr. Karna Bahadur Thapa and Dr. Puspa Adhikari for their valuable assistances and encouragements in various occasions in the preparation of the dissertation.

This research would not have been completed without the cooperation and suggestions from various ranks of Nepal Army, Nepal Police and Armed Police Forces, civil servants, members of civil society of Nepal, various scholars and friends. I am grateful to all of them. I am deeply grateful to Chief of the Army Staff General Chhatraman Singh Gurung for his encouragement and support. Also, I cannot forget the support extended by Mr. Madav Koirala, Administrative Officer at Dean's office, Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences and Mr. Hareram Risal, Administrative Officer at the Central Department of Political Science. I am grateful to my parents, late Chandra Bahadur Tamang and Dhana Maya Tamang who nurtured the spirit of education in me. Lastly, I am also grateful to my wife Hema Tamang, son Ayush and daughter Ayumi, who shared the joys and frustrations of being an integral part of this effort.

Asha Bahadur Tamang

Date: September , 2010

ABSTRACT

The history of human civilization may be characterized as the history of war, conflict and search for peace. After World War-II, on October 24, 1945, United Nations was established. Nepal has been one of the active members of United Nations since her membership on December 14, 1955. The United Nations is common forum for all the member states. The peacekeeping is a technique which has been developed mainly by the United Nations to help, control and resolve armed conflict through Security Council Resolution. After Cold War, peacekeeping operations have been complex and multidimensional. There are many success stories as well as failures of the United Nations peacekeeping operations. Nepal Army is facing tough competition mostly from its South Asian counterparts like India, Pakistan and Bangladesh. Keeping these facts in mind, the main objective of the study is to assess the significant contribution of Nepal Army in the United Nations peacekeeping operations 1958-2009.

The study entitled "The Role of Nepal Army in the United Nations Peacekeeping Operations 1958-2009", examines a fifty one year's history of Nepal Army's participation in United Nations peacekeeping operations. The main problem of the study is to evaluate the role of Nepal Army and its challenges in performing United Nations peacekeeping operations 1958 - 2009.

This is the first attempt to analyze the role of Nepal Army in the United Nations peacekeeping operations. The research intends to study the role of Nepal Army in the United Nations peacekeeping operations.

This study is based on descriptive analysis. In this research the purposive sampling method is used for primary data. The primary data were collected from more than hundred personnel related to the topic with the help of interview, questionnaire and interaction. During the primary and secondary data collection various libraries, Nepal Government offices, Nepal Army HQ, Nepal Police HQ, APF HQ, etc. have been visited. Field visit of Bunia, DRC, Congo and various NA training centers, units and sub units have been carried out. The information available in the web site has also been used in course of analysis. The data were cross-checked in various ways. The data have been described, analyzed and compared in the study.

This study is organized into five chapters. Chapter one deals statement of the problem, objectives, justification of the study, limitations of the study, review of the literature, research methodology, conceptual framework and organization of the study. Chapter two presents the nature of United Nations peacekeeping operations and Nepal's participation in peacekeeping operations. Chapter three looks at the role of Nepal Army in the United Nations peacekeeping operations. Chapter four analyzes

the challenges of Nepal Army in performing United Nations peacekeeping operations. Chapter five offers a summary, conclusions, findings and recommendations.

The UNDPKO has been conducting various PKOs though it is not mentioned in the UN Charter. Peacekeeping is becoming major tools for the peace and security in the world. Main challenges of UN are budget, effectiveness, political interest of powerful nations etc. To overcome new challenges many panel and reports have prepared. Nepal is sixth largest troops contributing country in the world.

Nepal Army has played several roles in the history of Nepal. To support national policy through international peace support operations is one of the secondary roles of Nepal Army. Nepal Army selects the troops according to selection procedure and provides them pre-deployment training in Birendra Peace Operations Training Center. Over 74,000 troops of Nepal Army including four Force Commanders, one Assistance Military Adviser to Secretary General and 197 females have participated in UNPKOs. Fifty six Nepali peacekeepers have laid their lives in line of their duties for serving the cause of peace and security of the world and fifty seven have injured.

The Nepal Army troops are always accepted heartily around the world. The Nepal Army celebrated its fifty years participation in the UNPKO on June 12, 2008. Despite of negligible weakness of the Nepal Army, it has shown significant contribution in peacekeeping operations duties. The findings of the study are as follows:

In the context of new world order, the nature of UNPKO is becoming more complex and versatile as a result of which the level of risk has increased for the peacekeepers. NA troops also have to be equally competitive to take advantages from the UNPKOs.

Nepal has become reliable and renowned major troops contributing country to the UN since her participation in the UNPKO. As a result, the country is more secured in preserving her national independence. NA has also contributed to maintain and implement Nepal's foreign policy. It has become professionally stronger due to the participation in thirty four UNPKOs along with the training of modern weapons, equipments and modern values.

The main challenges for Nepal Army to perform UNPKOs are: weakness in logistic self sustains security of troops and language problem.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Letter of Recommendation	ii
Approval Letter	iii
Declaration	iv
Acknowledgements	v
Abstract	vi
List of Tables	xvi
List of Figures	xvii
List of Maps	xvii
List of Abbreviations /Acronyms	xviii
Map of Participation of Nepal Army in UNPKOs December, 2009	xxv

CHAPTER – I

INTRODUCTION

1.1	Background	1
1.2	Statement of the Problem	5
1.3	Objectives of the Study	6
1.4	Justification of the Study	6
1.5	Limitations of the Study	7
1.6.	Review of the Literature	8
1.7.	Research Methodology	17
	1.7.1 The Primary Sources	18
	1.7.2 Secondary Sources	19
1.8	Conceptual Framework	19
1.9	Organization of the Study	20

CHAPTER - II

NATURE OF THE UNITED NATIONS PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS AND NEPAL'S PARTICIPATION IN THE UNITED NATIONS PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS

2.1	Nature of Peacekeeping	21
2.2	League of Nations	23
	2.2.1 Balance of Power	24
	2.2.2 Collective Security	26
2.3	United Nations	27
	2.3.1 Concept and Development of UN	29
	2.3.2 Purposes	30
	2.3.3 Organs	30
	2.3.3.1 The General Assembly	31
	2.3.3.2 Secretariat	31
	2.3.3.3 International Court of Justice	32
	2.3.3.4 Economic and Social Council	32
	2.3.3.5 Trusteeship Council	32
	2.3.3.6 Security Council	32
	2.3.4 Role of the Security Council	34
	2.3.5 Reform of the Security Council	36
	2.3.5.1 Agenda for Peace	37
	2.3.5.2 Brahimi Report	37
	2.3.5.3 Reports of the Secretary General Kofi Annan's High Level Panel on "Threat Challenges and Changes"	39
2.4	United Nations Department of Peacekeeping Operations	44
	2.4.1 Mission Planning Process of United Nations of Peacekeeping Operation	48
	2.4.2 Establishment of a Mission	48
	2.4.3 Troops Contributing Country	49
	2.4.4 Host Country and United Nations	50
	2.4.5 Mandate, Memorandum of Understanding and Rules of Engagement	51
	2.4.6 UN Stand by Arrangement System	52
	2.4.7 Budget	52
2.5	Peacekeeping Operation	56
	2.5.1 Fundamental Principles of Peacekeeping	58

2.5.2	UN Peacekeeping Activities/Concepts	59
2.5.3	Peacekeeping Operations during Cold War	62
2.5.4	Post Cold War Peacekeeping Operations	66
2.5.5	Emerging Trends of Peacekeeping Operations	68
2.5.5.1	Regional Peacekeeping	68
2.5.5.2	The Composition of the Force	71
2.5.5.3	Cooperation with Non-Government Agencies	71
2.5.5.4	Repatriation of Refugees	71
2.5.5.5	Humanitarian Assistance	71
2.5.5.6	Military Tasks in Peacekeeping Operations	72
2.6	Key Appointments Related to United Nations Peacekeeping Operations	76
2.6.1	Secretary General	77
2.6.2	Under Secretary General	78
2.6.3	Special Representative of the Secretary General	78
2.6.4	Force Commander	80
2.6.5	Chief Administrative Officer	80
2.7	United Nations Reform	80
2.8	Participation of South Asian Countries in United Nations Peacekeeping Operations	83
2.8.1	Bangladesh	84
2.8.2	India	85
2.7.3	Pakistan	87
2.8.4	Others	87
2.9	Role of Nepal in United Nations	89
2.9.1	Foreign Policy of Nepal	89
2.9.2	United Nations Membership	92
2.9.3	Non-Permanent Members of Security Council	93
2.9.4	Participation in General Assembly	94
2.9.5	Other Activities in United Nations	96
2.9.6	Diplomats/Civil Servants	102
2.9.7	Nepal Police	104

2.9.8	Armed Police Force	109
2.9.9	Nepal Army	110

CHAPTER - III

THE ROLE OF NEPAL ARMY IN THE UNITED NATIONS PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS

3.1	History of Nepal Army	111
3.2	Modernization of Nepal Army	113
3.3	Constitutional Provision	116
3.3.1	Military Act	117
3.3.2	National Security Policy	119
3.4	Organization	120
3.4.1	Command and Army Headquarters	120
3.4.2	Combat Force	121
3.4.3	Combat Support	121
3.4.4	Combat Service Support	121
3.5	Nepal Army Directorate of Peacekeeping Operation	121
3.6	Role/Objectives of Nepal Army	123
3.6.1	Primary	123
3.6.2	Secondary	124
3.6.2.1	Carryout Humanitarian Assistance/Disaster Relief Operations	124
3.6.2.2	Assisting in National Development	125
3.6.2.3	Participation in National Support Activities Including Nature Conservation	125

3.6.2.4	Supporting National Policy through International Peace Support Operations	132
3.7	The Role of Nepal Army in the United Nations Peacekeeping Operations	132
3.7.1	Planning and Preparation of Troops for United Nations Peacekeeping Operations	136
3.7.2	Process of Participation in United Nations Peacekeeping Operations	137
3.7.3	Selection	139
3.7.4	Training	140
3.7.4.1	Training Establishment	140
3.7.4.2	Pre-deployment Training	141
3.7.4.3	Specialized Training	141
3.7.5	Type of Peacekeeping Operations and Participation of Nepal Army	144
3.7.5.1	Period	145
3.7.5.2	Nature of Peacekeeping Operations	146
3.7.5.3	Tasks	146
3.7.5.4	Continental Wise	147
3.8	Middle East	148
3.8.1	United Nations Observation Group in Lebanon (UNOGIL), Lebanon (June 12, 1958- December 1958)	149
3.8.2	United Nations Emergency Force (UNEF-II), Sinai (October 1974- July 1979)	151
3.8.3	United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL), Lebanon (June 12, 1978-present)	152
3.8.4	United Nations Iraq-Kuwait Observation Mission (UNIKOM), Kuwait/Iraq (April 01, 1991-2003)	156
3.8.5	United Nations Truce Supervision Organization (UNTSO), Israel (May 1948-present)	157
3.8.6	United Nations Guard Contingent in the North Iraq (UNGCI), Iraq (July 1991-September 2003), United Nations Assistance Mission for Iraq (UNAMI), Iraq (August 2008-present)	159
3.8.7	United Nations Disengagement Observer Force (UNDOF), Israel/Syria (June 1974- present)	160
3.9	Asia	162

3.9.1	United Nations India-Pakistan Observation Mission (UNIPOM), India/Pakistan (September 28, 1965- March 1966)	163
3.9.2	United Nations Mission of Observers in Tajikistan (UNMOT), Tajikistan (December 1994-May 2000)	164
3.9.3	United Nations Good Offices Mission in Afghanistan and Pakistan (UNGOMAP I-II and OSGAPI-III), Afghanistan/ Pakistan (May 14, 1980 - March 1990)	165
3.9.4	United Nations Transitional Administration in East Timor (UNATAET) and United Nations Integrated Mission in Timor Leste (UNMIT), East Timor (October 1999- present)	167
3.10	Europe	169
3.10.1	United Nations Protection Force (UNPROFOR), Former Yugoslavia (February 1992-December 1995)	170
3.10.2	United Nations Transitional Authority for Eastern Slavonia Baranja and Western Sirmium (UNTAES), Eastern Slovenia (January 1996-1998)	173
3.10.3	United Nations Preventive Deployment Force (UNPREDEP), Macedonia (March 1995- February 1995)	174
3.10.4	United Nations Mission of Observers in Prevlaka (UNMOP), Prevlaka (January, 1996- December 2002)	175
3.10.5	United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo (UNMIK), Kosovo (June 1999- present)	176
3.10.6	United Nations Force in Cyprus (UNFICYP), Cyprus (March 1964- present)	177
3.10.7	United Nations Observer Mission in Georgia (UNOMIG), Georgia (August 1993- June 2009)	178
3.11.	Africa	180

3.11.1	United Nations Observer Mission in Liberia (UNOMIL), September 1993-September 1997, United Nations Missions in Liberia (UNMIL), Liberia (September 2003-present)	181
3.11.2	United Nations Operation in Somalia (UNOSOM II), Somalia (March 1993-March-1995)	182
3.11.3	United Nations Observer Mission in Sierra Leone (UNOMSIL), July 1998-October 1999, UN Mission in Sierra Leone (UNAMSIL), Sierra Leone (October 1999-December 2005)	185
3.11.4	United Nations Organization Mission in Democratic Republic of the Congo (MONUC), DRC (October 15, 1999-present)	187
3.11.5	United Nations Mission in Ethiopia and Eritrea (UNMEE), Ethiopia (September 2000-July 2008)	193
3.11.6	United Nations Mission in Cote d'Ivoire, (MINUCI), May 2003- April 2004, United Nations Operation in Cote d'Ivoire (UNOCI), Ivories Cost (May 2003-present)	195
3.11.7	United Nations Operation in Burundi (ONUB), Burundi (June 2004-December 2006)	197
3.11.8	United Nations Mission in the Sudan (UNMIS), Sudan (2004-present)	199
3.11.9	African Union-United Nations Hybrid Operation in Darfur (UNAMID), Sudan, (July 2007- present)	200
3.11.10	UN mission in the Central African Republic and Chad (MINURCAT), Chad (September 2008- present)	203
3.12	America	204
3.12.1	UN Nations Mission in Haiti (UNMIH), Haiti (August 1991- June 1996)	205
3.12.2	United Nations Stabilization Mission in Haiti (MINUSTAH), Haiti (June 2004-present)	206
3.13	Rationale behind Frequent Selection of Nepal Army in the United Nations Peacekeeping Operations	211

CHAPTER - IV

THE CHALLENGES OF THE NEPAL ARMY IN PERFORMING UNITED NATIONS PEACEKEEPING OPERATIONS

4.1	Challenges of United Nations Peacekeeping Operations	216
4.2	Challenges of Nepal Army in Performing United Nations Peacekeeping Operations	220

4.2.1	Contingent	223
4.2.2	Military Staff Officer	225
4.2.3	Military Observer	225
4.2.4	Force Commander	226
4.2.5	Comparative View of Respondents	227
4.3	Lessons Learnt from Past Peacekeeping Operations by the Nepal Army	233
4.4	Measures Applied to Solve the Problems	234
4.5	Advantages and Disadvantages of Participating Peacekeeping Operations	236
4.5.1	Comparative View of Respondents on Advantages to Nepal Army by Participating in the UNPKOs	240
4.5.2	Comparative View of Respondents on Disadvantages to Nepal Army by Participating in the UNPKOs	242

CHAPTER - V

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

5.1	Summary	244
5.2	Conclusions	245
Appendices		249
Appendix "A"	Questionnaires	249
Appendix "B"	Sample and Sample Size	254
Appendix "C"	Relevant Chapters and Articles of the UN Charter for the Maintenance of International Peace and Security	255
Appendix "D"	Details of Peacekeeping Operations Conducted by UN	261
Appendix "E"	Nepal Army's Participation in the United Nations Peacekeeping Operations (in chronological orders)	266
Appendix "F"	Sample of Memorandum of Understanding	268
Appendix "G"	Letter to the Secretary General from Permanent Representative of Nepal to UN for the Commitment of 5,000 Nepal Army Troops	270

Appendix "H"	Strength of Nepal Army for UNSAS	271
Appendix "I"	Leaders of the Nepali Delegation to the UN General Assembly, 1956-2009	273
Appendix "J"	Nepal's Election to Various UN body	275
Appendix "K"	The Participation of Nepal Police in UN Missions	279
Appendix "L"	The Participation of Armed Police Force in UN Missions	280
Appendix "M"	The Organization of Nepal Army	281
Appendix "N"	Details of Injured Nepal Army Personnel during the Peacekeeping Operations	282
Appendix "O"	Details of Dead Nepal Army Personnel during the Peacekeeping Operations	284
Appendix "P"	The Secretary General's Message on 50 th Anniversary of Nepal's Continuous Participation in the UNPKOs	286
Appendix "Q"	Under-Secretary-General's Speech on fiftieth Anniversary of Nepal's Participation in the UNPKOs	288
Appendix "R"	Subjects of Standard Generics Training Modules Training	290
Appendix "S"	Details of Nepal Army Contingents Participation in UNIFIL, Lebanon	291
Appendix "T"	After Mission Report of UNIPOM	293
Appendix "U"	Letter of Commendation	295
Appendix "V"	Details of Nepal Army Contingents Participation in MONUC, Congo	296
Appendix "W"	Details of Nepal Army Contingents Participation in ONUB, Burundi	298
Appendix "X"	Details of Nepal Army Contingents Participation in MINUSTAH, Haiti	299

Appendix "Y"	Details of Money to Reimbursement by the UN	300
Appendix "Z"	Photos of UNPKOs Participated by Nepal Army	301
Glossary		304
References		305

LIST OF TABLES

2.1	Proposed Seats Distribution in Security Council (Model-A)	40
2.2	Proposed Seats Distribution in Security Council (Model-B)	40
2.3	Budget of UNPKOs	54
2.4	Budget Contribution to UN	55
2.5	Involvement of SAARC Nations in UNPKOs	84
2.6	Troop's Contribution of UNPKOs	87
2.7	Top Ten Troops (Military and Police) Contributing Countries to the UNPKOs	88
2.8	Ranking of Military and Police Contributions to UNPKOs	88
3.1	Modernization of NA	113
3.2	Comparative Budget Chart	116
3.3	Details of NA Efforts to Clarify Allegations	128
3.4	Details of Punishment for Human Rights Violators	128
3.5	Female Participation of Nepal Army in the Various UNPKOs	131
3.6	Major Contributions of NA in the PKOs	134
3.7	Human Rights/International Humanitarian Law Training 2063-2066 B.S. (2006-2010)	142
3.8	Instructors' Contribution to Foreign Training Center	143
3.9	Details of NA Company Contingents in UNTAET, East Timor	169
3.10	Details of NA Contingents Participation in UNOMSIL, Sierra Leone	187
3.11	Special Operations Force Type Tasks	202
3.12	Participation of NA in the PKOs in December 2009	210
3.13	Rationale behind Frequently Selection of NA in the PKOs	214
4.1	Challenges of Nepal Army in Performing Peacekeeping Operations	228
4.2	Suggestions for the Better Performance of NA in the Future	235
4.3	Advantages to NA by Participating in the Peacekeeping Operations	240
4.4	Disadvantages to NA by Participating in the Peacekeeping Operations	242

LISTS OF FIGURES

2.1	Balance of Power	25
2.2	Collective Security	27
2.3	UN Organs	31
3.1	Organization of NA Directorate of Peacekeeping Operation	122
3.2	Present Participation of NA in Various PKOs	211

LISTS OF MAPS

3.1	Middle East	148
3.2	Asia	162
3.3	Europe	169
3.4	Africa	180
3.5	North America	204

LIST OF ABBREVIATION/ACRONYMS

Short Form		Full Form
2IC	-	Second in Command
AG	-	Adjutant General
AIDS	-	Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
AIG	-	Additional Inspector General
AIR	-	Aero Sport Inform
AMIB	-	African Mission in Burundi
APF	-	Armed Police Force
AoR	-	Area of Responsibility
ASEAN	-	Association of South East Asian Nations
ASG	-	Assistance Secretary General
ASI	-	Assistant Sub Inspector
AU	-	African Union
Bde	-	Brigade
BIPSOT	-	Bangladesh Institution of Peace Support Operation Training
Bn	-	Battalion
Bol	-	Board of Inquiry
BPOTC	-	Birendra Peace Operations Training Center
Brig.Gen.	-	Brigadier General
B.S.	-	Bikram Sambat
CAO	-	Chief Administrative Officer
CGS	-	Chief of General Staff
CIS	-	Commonwealth of Independent States
CIVPOL	-	Civilian Police
CMPO	-	Chief Military Personnel Officer
COAS	-	Chief of the Army Staff

COE	-	Contingent Owned Equipment
Col.	-	Colonel
Coy	-	Company
CPA	-	Comprehensive Peace Agreement
Cpl.	-	Corporal
COS	-	Chief of Staff
CSM	-	Company Sergeant Major
DDR	-	Disarmament Demobilization and Reintegration
DFC	-	Department of Field Support
DGMT	-	Directorate General of Military Training
DIG	-	Deputy Inspector General
DMO	-	Department of Military Operation
DOMREP	-	Mission of the Representative of the SG in the Dominican Republic
DPA	-	Department of Public Affairs
DPR	-	Directorate of Public Relation
DPI	-	Department of Public Information
DPKO	-	Department of Peacekeeping Operations
DRC	-	Democratic Republic of Congo
DSP	-	Deputy Superintendent of Police
DSS	-	Department of Safety and Security
ECOWAS	-	Economic Community of West African States
ECOMOG	-	Economic Community of West African States Monitoring Group
ERC	-	Emergency Relief Coordinator
EU	-	European Union
FC	-	Force Commander
FPU	-	Formed Police Unit
Gen.	-	General
HC	-	Head Constable

HCHR	-	High Commissioner for Human Right
HIV	-	Human Immune Deficiency Virus
HoM	-	Head of Mission
HQ	-	Headquarter
IB	-	Ituri Brigade
ICJ	-	International Court of Justice
ICRC	-	International Committee of the Red Cross
IDP	-	Internally Displaced Person
IGP	-	Inspector General of Police
IHRL	-	International Human Rights Law
IHL	-	International Humanitarian Law
IG	-	Inspector General
INGO	-	International Non-Government Organization
IPTF	-	International Police Task Force
JAG	-	Judge Advocate General
JCO	-	Junior Commissioned Officers
L/Cpl.	-	Less Corporal
Lt.	-	Lieutenant
Lt.Col.	-	Lieutenant Colonel
Lt.Gen.	-	Lieutenant General
Maj.Gen.	-	Major General
Mil.	-	Military
MSA	-	Mission Sustenance Allowance
MINOPUH	-	United Nations Civilian Police Mission in Haiti
MINUGUA	-	United Nations Verification Mission in Guatemala
MINURCA	-	United Nations Mission in the Central African Republic
MINURCAT	-	United Nations Mission in the Central African Republic and Chad
MINURSO	-	United Nations Mission for the Referendum in Western Sahara

MINUSTAH	-	United Nations Stabilization Mission in Haiti
MOFA	-	Ministry of Foreign Affairs
MONUC	-	United Nations Organization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo
MoU	-	Memorandum of Understanding
MPTE	-	Multi Platoon Training Event
MS	-	Department of Military Secretary
NA	-	Nepal Army
NAM	-	Non-aligned Movement
NATO	-	North Atlantic Treaty Organization
NC	-	Non Combatant
NC RS	-	Nepali Currency Rupees
NEPBATT	-	Nepal Army Battalion
NP	-	Nepal Police
NCO	-	Non Commissioned Officer
NGO	-	Non-Government Organizations
NSC	-	National Security Council
OAU	-	Organization of African Unity
OCHA	-	Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs
OHCHR	-	Office of UN High Commissioner for Human Rights
ONUB	-	United Nations Operation in Burundi
ONUSCA	-	United Nations Observer Group in Central America
ONUC	-	United Nations Operation in Congo
ONUMOZ	-	United Nations Operation in Mozambique
ONUSAL	-	United Nations Observer Mission in El Salvador
P-5	-	Permanent Five Members of Security Council
PKO	-	Peacekeeping Operation
PKOs	-	Peacekeeping Operations
PSOs	-	Principal Staff Officers
Res.	-	Residence

RoE	-	Rules of Engagement
RUF	-	Revolutionary United Front
SAARC	-	South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation
SGTM	-	Standard Generic Training Modules
SEA	-	Sexual Exploitation and Abuses
SF	-	Special Force
SG	-	Security General
Sgt.	-	Sergeant
SHC	-	Senior Head Constable
SOFA	-	Status of Forces Agreement
SOP	-	Standing Operating Procedure
SP	-	Superintendent of Police
SRSG	-	Special Representative of the Secretary General
S/RES	-	Security Council Resolution
SSP	-	Senior Superintendent of Police
Tech	-	Technical
TCC	-	Troops Contributing Country
TCCs	-	Troops Contributing Countries
UK	-	United Kingdom
UN	-	United Nations
UNAIDS	-	Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS
UNAMIC	-	United Nations Advance Mission in Cambodia
UNAMID	-	African Union-United Nations Hybrid Operation in Darfur
UNAMIR	-	United Nations Assistance Mission for Rwanda
UNAMSIL	-	United Nations Mission in Sierra Leone
UNASOG	-	United Nations Aouzou Strip Observer Group
UNAVEM	-	United Nations Angola Verification Mission
UNCRO	-	United Nations Confidence Restoration Operation In Croatia

UNDP	-	United Nations Development Programme
UNDCP	-	United Nations Conference of Trade and Development
UNDOF	-	United Nations Disengagement Observer Force
UNDPKO	-	United Nations Department of Peacekeeping Operations
UNEF	-	United Nations Emergency Force
UNESCO	-	United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization
UNFICYP	-	United Nations Force in Cyprus
UNGCI	-	United Nations Guard Contingent in Iraq
UNGOMAP	-	United Nations Good Officers Mission in Afghanistan and Pakistan
UNHCR	-	Office of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees
UNIFIL	-	United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon
UNIIMOG	-	United Nations Iran-Iraq Military Observer Group
UNIKOM	-	United Nations Iraq-Kuwait Observation Mission
UNIPOM	-	United Nations India-Pakistan Observation Mission
UNMEE	-	United Nations Mission in Ethiopia and Eritrea
UNMIBH	-	United Nations Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina
UNMIH	-	United Nations Nations Mission in Haiti
UNMIK	-	United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo
UNMIL	-	United Nations Mission in Liberia
UNMIS	-	United Nations Mission in the Sudan
UNMISSET	-	United Nations Mission of Support in East Timor
UNMIT	-	United Nations Integrated Mission in Timor-leste
UNMO	-	United Nations Military Observer
UNMOGIP	-	United Nations Military Observer Group in India and Pakistan
UNMOP	-	United Nations Mission of Observers in Prevlaka
UNMOT	-	United Nations Mission of Observers in Tajikistan

UNO	-	United Nations Organization
UNOCI	-	United Nations Operation in Cote D'Ivoire
UNOGIL	-	United Nations Observation Group in Lebanon
UNOMIG	-	United Nations Observer Mission in Georgia
UNOMIL	-	United Nations Observer Mission in Liberia
UNOMSIL	-	United Nations Observer Mission in Sierra Leone
UNOMUR	-	United Nations Observer Mission Uganda-Rwanda
UNOSOM	-	United Nations Operation in Somalia
UNPKO	-	United Nations Peacekeeping Operation
UNPKOs	-	United Nations Peacekeeping Operations
UNPREDEP	-	United Nations Preventive Deployment Force
UNPROFOR	-	United Nations Protection force
UNSAS	-	United Nations Stand-by Arrangement System
UNSF	-	United Nations Security Force in West New Guinea (West Irian)
UNSMIH	-	United Nations Support Mission in Haiti
UNTAC	-	United Nations Transitional Authority in Cambodia
UNTAES	-	United Nations Transitional Administration for Eastern Slovenia, Baranja and Western Sirmium
UNTAET	-	United Nations Transitional Administration in East Timor
UNTMIH	-	United Nations Transition Mission in Haiti
UNTSO	-	United Nations Truce Supervision Organization
UNYOM	-	United Nations Yemen Observation Mission
UNV	-	United Nations Volunteers
USG	-	Under Secretary General
USSR	-	Union of Soviet Socialist Russia
VA	-	Vital Area
VIP	-	Very Important Person
WFP	-	World Food Program

WHO - World Health Organization

Wo - Warrant Officer