PREVALENCE OF EGGS OF THREE TREMATODE

GENERA (Fasciola spp, Dicrocoelium spp and Schistosoma spp) IN BUFFALOES OF SATUNGAL SLAUGHTER HOUSE, KATHMANDU

A THESIS SUBMITTED IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE MASTER'S OF SCIENCE IN ZOOLOGY WITH SPECIAL PAPER PARASITOLOGY

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RECOMMENDATION

This is to certify that **Ms. Bharatee Gurung** has successfully completed her dissertation work entitled "PREVALENCE OF EGGS OF THREE TREMATODE GENERA (Fasciola spp, Dicrocoelium spp and Schistosoma spp) IN BUFFALOES OF SATUNGAL SLAUGHTER HOUSE, KATHMANDU", as a partial fulfillment of the Master's Degree in Zoology with Special paper parasitology under our supervision and guidance. To our Knowledge her work has not been submitted for any other degree. Her work is an original one and deserve for recommendation.

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LETTER OF APPROVAL

On the recommendation of supervisor **Associate Prof. Dr. Ranjana Gupta** and Co-supervisor **Dr. Kedar Bahadur Karki,** Veterinary Officer, this dissertation work of **Ms. Bharatee Gurung** is approved for the examination and is submitted to Tribhuvan University in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the Master's Degree of Science in Zoology with Parasitology as a special paper.

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APPROVAL

We, the members of expert committee, evaluated the dissertation work entitled "PREVALENCE OF EGGS OF THREE TREMATODE GENERA (Fasciola spp, Dicrocoelium spp and Schistosoma spp) IN BUFFALOES OF SATUNGAL SLAUGHTER HOUSE, KATHMANDU", approved that Ms. Bharatee Gurung is qualified for awarding Master's Degree of Science in Zoology with Parasitology as a special paper.

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ABSTRACT

A study on the prevalance of trematodes in buffalo was conducted in Satungal, Kathmandu during the period of December 2006-January 2007. A total of 210 stool samples were collected during the study period and examined employing sedimentation method. The overall prevalence of helminth parasite was found 61.90%. Significant difference was found in the prevalence of three genera of trematode infection among buffaloes. The parasitic infections of Fasciola spp was 38.57%, Dicrocoelium spp 18.10% and of *Schistosoma* spp 28.10%. Single infection (infection with one species) were observed among 8.57%. Mixed infections of different genera of trematodes (Fasciola spp, Dicrocoelium spp and Schistosoma spp) were also observed and was found in 14.76%. It was noticed that a higher infection rate was recorded in buffaloes above 2 years (71.65%) than buffaloes below 2 years (46.99%). Most of the buffaloes examined during the present survey had low to moderate Fasciola, Schistosoma and Dicrocoelium egg counts suggesting that the infections were usually subclinical. Pseudoparasites were also observed among 23 (10.95%) positive samples. No work regarding these pseudo parasites was found.

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ABBREVIATIONS

AGDP : Agriculture Gross Domestic Product

AGDT : Agar Gel Diffusion Test

CBS : Central Bureau of Statistics

CVL : Central Veterinary Laboratory

DNR : Department of National Resource

GI : Gastro-Intestinal

IELA : Import and Export of Live Animals

ISSA : Institute of Agriculture and Animal Science

ISSN : International Standard Serial Number

LP : Livestock Production

MAFF : Ministry of Agriculture, Fishes and Forests

RADIL : Regional Animal Disease Investigation Laboratory

rmp : rate per minute

SESA : System Engineering Society Australia

VDC : Village Development Committee

VEC : Veterinary Epidemiology Centre

VETCON: Veterinary Conference

VISSAN : Fast Food Company

WHO : World Health Organization

MOAC : Ministry of Agriculture and Cooperatives

LARC : Lumle Agricultural Research Centre

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