Traditional Occupation of Damai and Kami Community (A case study of Daman VDC, Makawanpur District, Nepal)

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By

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Recommendation Letter

It is with great pleasure that I recommend the Thesis entitled, "Traditional Occupation of Damai and Kami Community; A case study of Daman VDC of Makawanpur district", completed by **Chudamani Aryal** under my supervision in partial fulfillment of requirements for the Degree of Master of Arts in Rural Development. I therefore forward it with recommendation for approval.

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APPROVAL LETTER

This Thesis entitled "**Traditional Occupation of the Damai and Kami Community**": A case study in Daman V.D.C. of Makawanpur district" submitted by **Chudamani Aryal** has been accepted for the partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Master Degree of Arts in Rural Development.

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Abstract

Development and Modernization are the processes of social change where by less developed societies acquire common characteristics to modern societies. Dalit people are occupation caste groups and they are fully dependent with other high caste. Their socio-economic condition is poorer than other castes/ ethnic groups because their traditional occupations are on the decline by the ready made goods. So, they are going to adopt alternative strategies to survive their life. In Nepalese society caste based discrimination prevailing in the social level is great challenge. Social and religious discrimination creates a great wall between the high caste and low caste and the low caste people can not cross the high wall. They are not allowed to follow some occupations followed by the high caste people. So, they are following their traditional occupation and tradition is like a tree they should 'as a leaf cling to it.

The study is 'The Traditional occupation of the Damai and Kami community' (A case study of Daman VDC, Makawanpur). It has been taken using pimary data sources obtained from Damai and Kami settlement area of Daman VDC, Makwanpur district. The objective of this study is "To identity the traditional occupations in changing context related with Damai and Kami communities, social status, educational status and adaptation occupation to surviving on the study area.

Descriptive research design has been adopted for this study and other method of methodology techniques, research design, data collection and interview, sampling etc. are used. There are 73 households in Damai and Kami settlement area in Daman VDC. Among them 30 households are selected as sample size. To generate the primary data the structure questionnaire, interview, key informant, focus group discussion and observation are also limited in Daman VDC only Kami and Damai people.

Large number of Damai and Kami people in this study area surviving under food deficiency. The economic condition of Damai and Kami people are miserable

than other upper caste people. By the change of the time they can not germinate the layer of the society. They can not develop their traditional occupation because their society is replete with conservative thinking.

Traditionally, their economy had been mainly based on traditional occupation itself but it has changed to agriculture based livelihoods. At present, the livelihood strategy of Damai and Kami are primarily based on agriculture. They earn their livelihood by involving in agriculture as well as business and local agriculture wage labours. Their traditional occupation is only a supporting means of livelihood. Only those who are commercially involved in their traditional occupation accept it as their primary livelihood.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Letter of Recommendation	
Approval Letter	
Acknowledgements	I
Abstract	II
Table of contents	Ш
List of Tables	IV
List of Figures	V
List of Maps	V
Acronyms	VI

	CHAPTER ONE	1-9
Intro	duction	1
1.1.	Background	1
1.2	Statement of the Problems	6
1.3	Objectives of the Study	7
1.4	Significance of the Study	8
1.5 1.6	Limitation of the Study Organization of the study	9 9

CHAPTER TWO

Literature Review		10-16
	CHAPTER-THREE	

3. R	lesearch Methodology	17-18
3.1	Research Design	17
3.2	Universe and Sampling	17

3.3 Method of Data Collection	17
3.3.1 Interview Schedule	18
3.3.2.Interview with key Informants	18
3.3.3.Observation	18
3.3 Method of Data Analysis	18

Introduction of the Study Area	21-25	
4.1 Study Area	21	
4.2 Population Composition	24	
CHAPTER- FIVE		

Data Analysis and Presentation 26-41

5.1	Demographic Characters	26
5.1.1	Population structure of the Respondents	26
5.1.2	Household Size and Family Structure of the Respondents	27
5.1.3	Educational Status of the Respondents	28
5.2	Economic Condition of the Respondents	29
5.2.1	Land Ownership Pattern of the Respondents	29
5.2.2	Livestock Rearing Pattern of the Respondents	30
5.2.3	Occupational Structure of the Respondents	30
5.2.4	Monthly Income of the Respondents	32
5.2.5	Income and Expenditure Ratio of the Respondents	33
5.2.6	Direction of Diversification	34
5.2.7	Attitude Towards Traditional Profession	34
5.2.8	The ways of Earning Living	36
5.2.9	Bali System	37
5.2.10) Social Status of Damai and Kami In the study area	38
5.2.1	Economic Exploitation and Discrimination	40

CHAPTER- SIX

Summary, Conclusion and Recommendation	42-45
6.1 Summary	42
6.2 Conclusion	43
6.3 Recommendation	44
Bibliography Annex -I	46-48 49-50

48

List of Tables

S.N.	Pag	e no.
Table no.4.1	Population Composition in Daman VDC	24
Table no.4.2	Composition of the Households According to Ward no.	24
Table no. 4.3	Distribution of Damai's and Kami's households	25
Table no. 5.1.1.	Population Structure of the Respondents	26
Table no.5.1.2	Sampled Population and households size	27
Table no. 5.1.3	Distribution of the Respondents by education	28
Table no. 5.2.1.	Land Ownership Pattern of the respondents	29
Table no.5.2.2.	Livestock Rearing Pattern of the respondents	30
Table no.5.2.3.	Occupational Structure of the Respondents	31
Table no.5.2.4.	Monthly Income Ratio of the Respondents	32
Table no. 5.2.5.	Income and Expenditure of the Respondents	33
Table no. 5.2.6.	Occupational Composition of Damai and Kami	34
Table no. 5.2.7.	Attitudes of Young in their Traditional Profession	35
Table no. 5.2.8	The ways of earning of the Respondents	36

List of Figures

S.N.	Page no.
Figure no. 1	27
Figure no. 2	29
Figure no. 3	31
Figure no. 4	32
Figure no. 5	33
Figure no. 6	35

List of Maps

Map of the Makawanpur District	19
Map of the Study Area	20

Acronyms

B.K.	Bishowkarmas
B.S.	Bikram Sambat
DDC	District Development Committee
DDP	District Development Profile
Dr.	Doctor
E.	East
HDR	Human Development Report
INSES	Informal Service Sector
ML.	Milliliter
MoLD	Ministry of Local Development
NARMSAP	Natural Resource Management Sector Assistance Programme
NDC	National Dalit Commission
NG	Government of Nepal
N.	North
Nov.	November
PAN	Population Association of Nepal.
PCL	Professional Certificate Level
Ph.D.	Doctor of Philosophy
SLC	School Living Certificate
T.U.	Tribhuvan University
USA	United State of America
V.D.C.	Village Development Committee
Vol.	Volume
WCAR	World Conference Against Racism