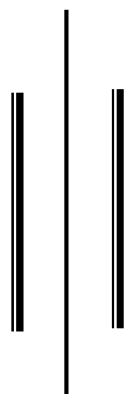


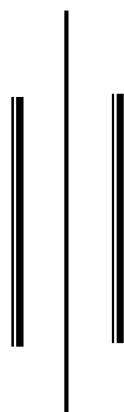
Tribhuvan University

Verb Agreement in Limbu Language



**A thesis submitted to the Central Department of English in
partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of Master of
Arts in English**

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Abstract

Verb Agreement is one of the essential parts of the language. Until and unless the study of this Verb Agreement, is not solved, we cannot understand language. Limbu language is also scientifically proved language like other languages. Its spoken form is well developed but written form is not developed well. Though it is one complete language but also its grammatical forms are not studied yet due to the lack of Researchers. Many native and foreigners have tried to study about many grammatical aspects of Limbu language but relating this Verb Agreement in Limbu language is not studied by Researchers. Really it is very difficult to understand the Limbu language without knowing its grammatical aspect. Although many Limbus speak Limbu language but they have very poor in grammatical aspects. Limbu grammatical items are really difficult than English grammatical items. If some one deeply wants to understand Limbu language, he should know Limbu grammatical items. It is related with Himalayan pronominalized language group. When nouns and pronouns come as subject in Limbu language then these different nouns and pronouns as take different verbs forms. Though the topic is verb agreement but it is better to say that relating on topic Subject, Object verb agreement because when we write Limbu language object has also direct connection with subject and verb. In Limbu when three persons and three numbers come as subject, then they take different verb forms even is same tense. It is really problematic tasks in Limbu language. It is also very difficult to study for non-native Limbu speakers. So in this dissertation these grammatical item are tried to study systematically.

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PHONETIC SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS

a	-	as in arm
	-	as in rin
a	-	1st person indicator
ʔ	-	glottal stop
ə	-	as in kəthmandu
incl	-	inclusive
excl	-	exclusive
1st	-	first person
2nd	-	second person
3rd	-	third person
dl	-	dual
pl	-	plural
o	-	no inflection, no main verb, no aux. verb
m	-	male
f	-	female
N	-	non animate
S	-	subject
O	-	object
V	-	verb
V ²	-	past form
ed	-	perfect form
pp	-	post perfect
C	-	cha (as in pitch)
Q	-	question